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ABSTRACT

A statistical description of the Spanish origin population in the United States is presented. Data were obtained in March 1974 in the Current Population Survey of the Bureau of the Census. The statistics pertain to such population characteristics as size, composition, age, residence, marital status, educational attainment, employment status, occupation, and income. The report emphasizes the quantitative aspects of these characteristics and stresses comparisons between the Spanish origin population and the total United States population, and between the subcategories of Spanish origin (Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin). Reliability of the estimates is discussed. (NQ)

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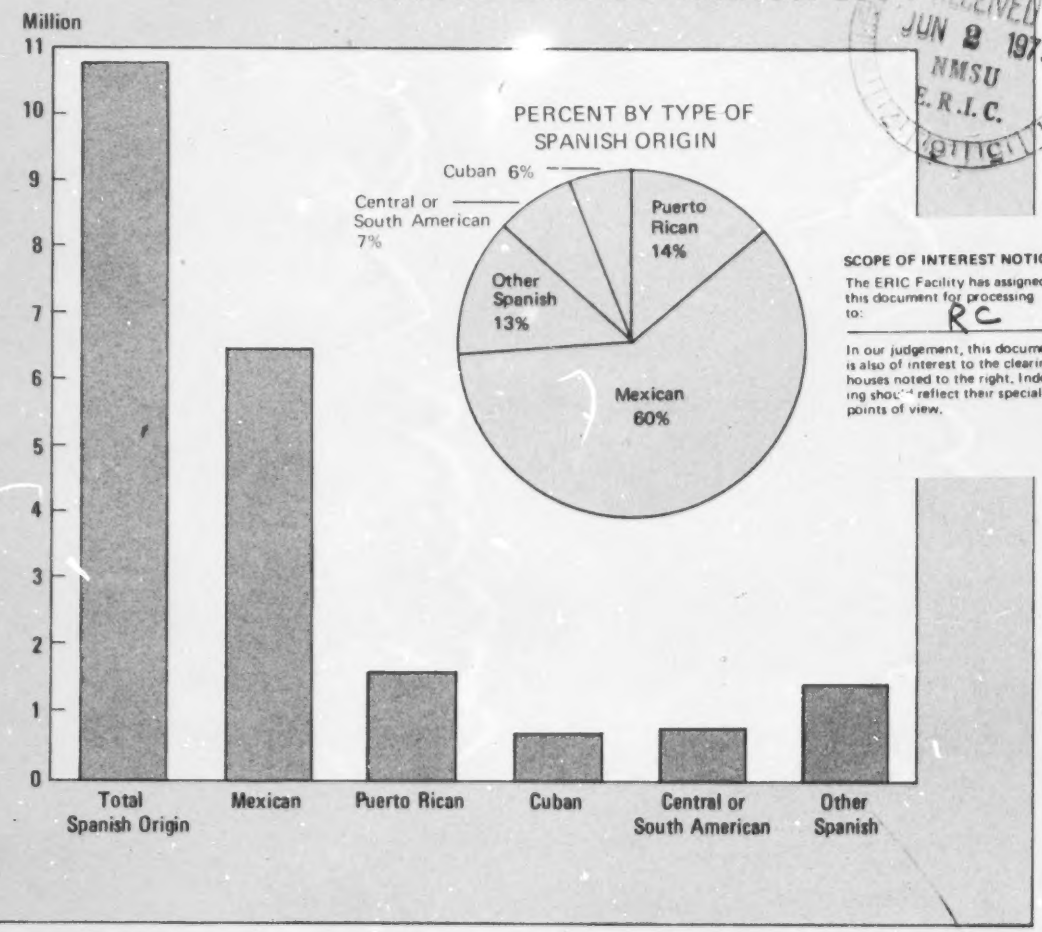
PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN IN THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974



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CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

Population Characteristics

PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN IN THE UNITED STATES MARCH 1974

CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	1
Population: Size, Composition, and Marital Status	4
Families	4
Education	6
Employment and Occupation	6
Income of Persons	7
Low-Income Population	7
Definitions and Explanations	8
Source and Reliability of the Estimates	11

TEXT TABLES

Table		
A.	Persons of Spanish Origin for the United States and Selected Areas in March 1974	2
B.	Characteristic Types for Data Tables	13
C.	Standard Error Tables and Parameters to be Used for Each Characteristic	14
D, E, F, and G.	Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers of Spanish Origin Persons or Families	15
	D. Type I Characteristics	
	E. Type II-E Characteristics	
	F. Type II-N Characteristics	
	G. Type III Characteristics	
H. and I.	Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages of Spanish Origin Persons or Families	17
	H. Type I Characteristics	
	I. Type II-E Characteristics	
J. and K.	Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages of Spanish Origin Persons or Families	18
	J. Type II-N Characteristics	
	K. Type III Characteristics	
L.	Standard Errors of Estimated Number of Persons	19
M.	Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages	19
N.	Estimates of Standard Error for Medians in Table 23	20
O.	Standard Errors of 1970 Census Data (5-Percent Sample)	21

DETAILED TABLES

Table		
1.	Population of Spanish Origin by Sex and Type of Spanish Origin, for the United States and the Five Southwestern States: March 1974	23
2.	Total and Spanish Origin Population by Broad Age Groups, Sex, and Type of Spanish Origin, for the United States: March 1974	23
3.	Total and Spanish Origin Population by Age, Sex, and Type of Spanish Origin, for the United States: March 1974	24
4.	Spanish Origin Population by Age, Sex, and Type of Spanish Origin, for the Five Southwestern States: March 1974	24

0004

CONTENTS—Continued

DETAILED TABLES—Continued

Table		Page
5.	Marital Status of Persons of Spanish Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Type of Spanish Origin and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	25
6.	Marital Status of Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin by Age and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	26
7.	All Families and Families With Head of Spanish Origin by Type of Family, Type of Spanish Origin of the Head, and Metropolitan-Nonmetropolitan Residence, for the United States: March 1974	27
8.	Family Status of All Persons and Persons of Spanish Origin 14 Years Old and Over, by Type of Spanish Origin and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	28
9.	Persons in Households with Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin, by Family Status and Age, for the United States: March 1974	29
10.	Family Relationship and Presence of Parents for Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin Under 18 Years old by Age, for the United States: March 1974	30
11.	Characteristics of All Families and Families With Head of Spanish Origin, by Size, Type of Family, and Type of Spanish Origin of the Head, for the United States: March 1974	31
12.	Income in 1973 of all Families and Families with Head of Spanish Origin by Size of Family and Type of Spanish Origin of the Head, for the United States: March 1974	32
13.	Income in 1973 of Families With Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin by Number of Related Children Under 18 Years Old, for the United States: March 1974	33
14.	Income in 1973 of Families With Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin by Type of Family and of Unrelated Individuals of Spanish and Mexican Origin, by Sex, for the United States: March 1974	33
15.	Income in 1973 of Families with Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin and of Unrelated Individuals by Residence, for the United States: March 1974	34
16.	Income in 1973 of Families with Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin 25 Years Old and Over by Years of School Completed of the Head, for the United States: March 1974	35
17.	Income in 1973 of Families with Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin and of Unrelated Individuals by Number of Earners, for the United States: March 1974	36
18.	Percent of Total and Spanish Origin Population 25 Years Old and Over by Type of Spanish Origin, Years of School Completed, Age, and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	37
19.	Years of School Completed by Persons of Spanish Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Age, Sex, and Type of Spanish Origin, for the United States: March 1974	38
20.	Income in 1973 of Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin 25 Years Old and Over by Sex and Number of School Years Completed, for the United States: March 1974	40
21.	Employed Males of Spanish and Mexican Origin 25 to 64 Years Old by Income in 1973, Broad Occupation Group, and Number of School Years Completed, for the United States: March 1974	42
22.	Employment Status and Major Occupation Group of the Total and Spanish Origin Population 16 Years Old and Over by Sex and Type of Spanish Origin, for the United States: March 1974	43
23.	Median Earnings in 1973 of Civilians of Spanish and Mexican Origin 14 Years Old and Over with Earnings, by Occupation of Longest Job in 1973, Class of Worker of Longest Job in 1973, and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	44
24.	Income in 1973 of All Persons and of Persons of Spanish Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Type of Spanish Origin and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	44
25.	Income in 1973 of Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Residence and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	45
26.	Income in 1973 of Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Age and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	47
27.	Income in 1973 of Persons of Spanish and Mexican Origin 14 Years Old and Over by Relationship to Head of Household and Sex, for the United States: March 1974	48
28.	Selected Summary Characteristics of Spanish and Mexican Origin Families and Unrelated Individuals of Low-Income Status, for the United States: March 1974	49
29.	Selected Detailed Characteristics of Low-Income Status Families With Head of Spanish and Mexican Origin, for the United States: March 1974	50

PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN IN THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

INTRODUCTION

This report presents a statistical description of the Spanish origin population in the United States from data collected by the Bureau of the Census in March 1974 Current Population Survey (CPS). Some of the characteristics portrayed for this population are age, residence, marital status, educational attainment, employment status, occupation, and income.

In general, this report emphasizes the quantitative aspects of these characteristics and stresses comparisons between the Spanish origin population and the total United States population, and between the subcategories of Spanish origin, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Comparability of the Data With Earlier Years. Data on the Spanish origin population in the United States were first collected in the CPS in November 1969 and subsequently in March 1971, March 1972, October 1972, March 1973, and each month thereafter. But the changes and innovations made in the March 1973 CPS in the collection of data on persons of Spanish origin[1] – also implemented in the months thereafter–make estimates for these persons since 1973 somewhat lacking in comparability with estimates for persons of Spanish origin from the CPS of earlier years.

Population. There were about 10.8 million persons of Spanish origin in the United States in March 1974. This total included about 6.5 million persons of Mexican origin, 1.5 million of Puerto Rican origin, 700,000 of Cuban origin, and 2.1 million of Central or South American or other Spanish origin.

About 6.3 million of persons of Spanish origin in March 1974 lived in the five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas); this was about 1 of every 6 persons residing in these States. Also, about 1.5 million persons who reported themselves of Spanish origin resided in New York State; that is, 1 of every 12 persons in the State was of Spanish origin (Table A). The reader is cautioned that State data are less reliable than corresponding figures for the entire United States because the State estimates are subject to a larger sampling error.

The majority of the Spanish origin population in the United States lived in metropolitan areas in March 1974. The proportion of metropolitan dwellers among the Spanish origin population was higher than the proportion of metropolitan dwellers for the overall population. About 1 of every 2 families with a head of Spanish origin resided in a central city (Table 7).

The Spanish origin population is a young population compared to the overall population. About 1 of every 8 persons of Spanish origin was under 5 years old in March 1974 compared with about 1 of every 13 persons in the total United States. And although about 10 percent of the total United States population was 65 years old and over, only 4 percent of the Spanish origin population was in that age category (Table 2).

There were proportionally fewer older persons of Spanish origin in 1974 than in 1970. The proportion of persons of Spanish origin 65 years old and over in March 1974–4 percent–declined by 1 percentage point from the proportion of Spanish origin persons in this age category in 1970.

Families. In March 1974, there were about 2.7 million households in the United States with a head of Spanish origin and about 1.9 million of them, or 69 percent, were husband-wife households. About 408,000–15 percent–of all Spanish origin households were headed by a woman, and 365,000 households were headed by a primary individual.

About 1 of every 2 persons living in a household headed by a person of Spanish origin was under 18

[1] For a detailed description of these changes see: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 264, "Persons of Spanish Origin in the United States: March 1973," May 1974.

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Table A. PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN FOR THE UNITED STATES AND SELECTED AREAS IN MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Area	Persons of Spanish origin[1]	Percent Spanish origin population		Confidence interval[4] (one standard error)	
		1974 CPS[1]	1970 census[2]	Total Spanish origin, 1974 CPS (thousands)	Percent Spanish origin, 1974 CPS
UNITED STATES					
Total	10,795	5.2	4.5	10,186 to 11,104	5.1 to 5.4
SELECTED AREAS					
New York State	1,485	8.3	7.4	1,371 to 1,599	7.7 to 8.9
Five Southwestern States	6,319	16.7	13.9	5,763 to 6,875	15.2 to 18.2
California	3,153	15.4	11.9	2,851 to 3,455	13.9 to 16.9
Texas	2,099	17.8	16.4	1,788 to 2,410	15.2 to 20.4
Other[3]	1,067	18.9	16.0	701 to 1,433	12.4 to 25.4
Remainder of the U.S.	2,991	1.9	1.8	2,823 to 3,159	1.8 to 2.0

[1]Resident population excludes persons in institutions and Armed Forces in barracks.
[2]Resident population.
[3]Arizona, Colorado, and New Mexico.
[4]Estimates in this table (as well as in the rest of this report) are based on sample data and hence are subject to sampling error. If a census were conducted the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the census result would be contained in the one-standard error confidence interval given in this table. See the section "Source and Reliability of the Estimates" for more information on standard errors and confidence intervals.

years old. And about 1 of every 27 persons in these households was 65 years old and over (Table 9).

Families with head of Spanish origin (i.e., Spanish origin families) are, on the average, large families. The average size of Spanish origin families was 4.07 persons per family in March 1974 and this was larger than the average family size of all families in the United States, 3.44 persons. About 1 of every 20 families in the United States had 7 or more members, 1 of every 10 families of Spanish origin had 7 or more (Table 11).

Spanish origin families may be getting smaller following the national trend for all families. There was a slight but significant decline in the average number of persons per family of Spanish origin between 1970 and 1974. In 1970 the average was 4.26 persons per family; in March 1974 the average was 4.07 persons per family.

A significantly smaller proportion of Spanish origin families were in the higher income brackets in 1973 compared to the proportion in this income category for all families in the United States. Although about 1 of every 11 families in the United States had money incomes in 1973 of over $25,000 per year, only 1 of every 36 families of Spanish origin was in this income category (Table 12).

In 1973 a larger proportion of Spanish origin families had incomes of $25,000 or more than in 1969. Although 2 percent of Spanish origin families had income in 1969 of over $25,000, about 3 percent of Spanish families had incomes in 1973 of $25,000 or more.

Education. Generally, the Spanish origin population in March 1974 lagged behind the total United States population in educational attainment. Although only about 1 of every 20 males over 25 years of age in the United States had completed less than 5 years of school, about 1 of every 5 males of Spanish origin 25 years old and over had completed less than 5 years of school. Higher up on the educational attainment scale, about 62 percent of all males 25 years old and over, but only 38 percent of Spanish origin males in this age

category, had completed 4 years of high school or more (Table 18).

However, the educational attainment level of the younger sector of the Spanish origin population is higher than that for older Spanish origin persons. In March 1974, about half of the men and half of the women of Spanish origin age 45 to 64 years had completed less than 8 years of school. But for persons of Spanish origin 20 to 24 years old, only about 15 percent of the men, and 17 percent of the women had completed less than 8 years of school (Table 19).

There also is evidence of increasing educational attainment levels for the younger adults of Spanish origin. In 1970 about 45 percent of persons of Spanish origin 25 to 34 years old were high school graduates, but by March 1974 about 51 percent of Spanish persons in this age category had graduated from high school.

In general, a person's income is related directly to his educational attainment and this relationship holds true for persons of Spanish origin in the United States. For example, in March 1974, only 1 of every 5 men of Spanish origin who had completed only 8 years of school had an income in 1973 of $10,000 or more; yet about 2 of every 5 men of Spanish origin who had completed exactly 4 years of high school had a 1973 income of $10,000 or more. Men of Spanish origin who had attained less than 8 years of school had a median income of about $5,500 in 1973, but Spanish origin men who had completed exactly 4 years of high school had a higher median income in 1973, about $9,100 (Table 20).

Employment and Occupation. In March 1974, some 3.8 million persons of Spanish origin were in the civilian labor force. The unemployment rate of these persons (8.1 percent) was about 3 percentage points higher than the unemployment rate for the total population (5.3 percent), and there is some evidence that the unemployment rate of persons of Spanish origin in 1974 was about 2 percentage points higher than in 1970 (6.4 percent).

In March 1974 the proportion of persons of Spanish origin employed as professional and technical workers was about one-half that for persons in the total population employed in that occupational category; about 28 percent of all employed Spanish origin persons were working as operatives, that is, persons working as manufacturing checkers, drillers, garage workers and attendants, produce packers, and similar workers (Table 22).

Median earnings in 1973 of Spanish origin women employed in the professional and technical occupations was about $5,700; this was significantly lower than the median earnings of Spanish origin men—about $9,700—similarly employed (Table 23).

Individual Income. The proportion of men of Spanish origin having incomes over $15,000 in 1973—5 percent—was greater than the proportion having incomes of this level in 1969—3 percent.

In 1973 the median individual income of Spanish origin men 14 years old and over with income was about $6,200, but median income of all men with income in 1973 was $8,100.

Almost 1 of every 4 men of Spanish origin in 1973 had an income less than $3,000, and about 1 of every 20 had an income over $15,000.

At the upper income levels, the income in 1973 for persons of Spanish origin was markedly different by sex. Although about 17 percent of Spanish origin men had incomes between $10,000 and $15,000, only about 2 percent of Spanish origin women were in this income range (Table 24).

In March 1974, men of Spanish origin who were heads of families had, on the average, significantly larger incomes in 1973 than Spanish origin women who headed families. The median individual income in 1973 for Spanish origin men who were heads of families was about $7,500, but median income for women of Spanish origin who were family heads was only about $3,400 (Table 27).

Low Income. In March 1974, about 470,000 Spanish origin families were below the low-income level. Thus, about 1 of every 5 families with a head of Spanish origin was below the low-income level.

About 1 of every 2 families headed by a woman of Spanish origin was below the low-income level in March 1974. The proportion of female-headed Spanish origin families below the low-income level was substantially higher (about 51 percent) than the proportion of male-headed Spanish origin families below the low-income level (about 13 percent).

Spanish origin families below the low-income level were mostly large families; the average number of persons in these families was about 5 persons. And among the 260,000 Spanish origin families of low income with 7 or more persons in the family, about 102,000—39 percent—were below the low-income level (Tables 28 and 29).

POPULATION: SIZE, COMPOSITION, AND MARITAL STATUS

Size. Of the 10.8 million persons of Spanish origin in the United States in March 1974, about 6.5 million were of Mexican origin and 1.5 million were of Puerto Rican origin. Thus, half of the persons of Spanish origin were of Mexican origin, and about 1 of every 7 persons of Spanish origin was Puerto Rican (Table 1).

Composition. That the population of Spanish origin is a "young" population is clearly indicated by median age, the age at which half of the population is older, and half is younger. In March 1974, the median age of the total United States population was 28.5 years, but the median age for persons of Spanish origin was 20.1 years.

About 1 of every 8 persons of Spanish origin in March 1974 was under 5 years old, but only about 1 of every 13 persons in the total population was under 5 years old. By contrast, only about 1 of every 29 persons of Spanish origin was 65 years old and over, but 1 of every 10 persons in the overall United States population was 65 years old and over.

Persons of Cuban origin had a substantially high median age—35.7 years old—relative to the median age of persons of Mexican origin, 18.9 years old, and Puerto Rican origin, 19.8 years old. Only about 5 percent of all Cuban origin persons in the United States were under 5 years old in March 1974, whereas the corresponding proportion for all persons of Spanish origin was about 13 percent. The proportion of older Cubans was relatively high as about 11 percent of all Cuban origin persons were 65 years old and over compared with only about 4 percent of all Spanish origin persons (Table 2).

Marital Status. In March 1974, there were proportionally more single Spanish origin men than single Spanish origin women because women marry at younger ages. About 34 percent of all Spanish origin men 14 years old and over were single, as compared with 27 percent of the Spanish origin women (Table 5). In March 1974, about 14 percent of the Spanish origin women 14 to 19 years old, as compared with only about 5 percent of Spanish origin men of this age, were reported as being married. Similarly, about 63 percent of all Spanish origin women between 20 to 24 years of age were married, but only 48 percent of men of Spanish origin in this age group were married.

Women of Spanish origin were much more likely to be divorced or widowed than men of Spanish origin. For example, only about 11 percent of Spanish origin men 65 to 74 years old were widowers, but about 44 percent of women of Spanish origin 65 to 74 years old in March 1974 were widows (Table 6).

FAMILIES

Residence. In March 1974, Spanish origin families resided mostly in metropolitan areas. About 83 percent of all families of Spanish origin, about 2.0 million, were living in metropolitan areas, as compared with 68 percent of all families in the United States. And of these Spanish origin families, 1.2 million lived in central cities. Almost all Puerto Rican families, 94 percent, lived in metropolitan areas, and about 3 of every 4 families of Mexican origin lived in metropolitan areas (Table 7).

Relationship. There were about 2.1 million men and 570,000 women of Spanish origin 14 years old and over who were heads of households in March 1974. The proportion of households with a female head for the United States as a whole, 20 percent, was greater than the corresponding proportion for households with a head of Spanish origin, 16 percent (Table 8).

The average Spanish origin household in March 1974 was a "young" household; almost half of all members were under 18 years of age, and only about 4 percent of Spanish household members were 65 years old and over (Table 9).

In March 1974, there were about 4.9 million persons of Spanish origin under 18 years old living in families, and about 79 percent of them were living with both parents; about 18 percent were living with their mother only, and 1 percent were living with their father only (Table 10).

The average number of persons in Spanish origin families—about 4 persons per family—was larger than the average for all families in the population, over 3 persons per family.

About 5 percent of all families in the United States in March 1974 had 7 or more persons per family, but the proportion of Spanish origin families with 7 or more persons per family was about double that proportion, 11 percent. By contrast, 37 percent of all families in March 1974 were families of only 2 persons, but only 23 percent of all Spanish origin families were 2-person families.

Mexican origin families had on the average more members under 18 years old—2.1 per family—than families of other Spanish origin (i.e., Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin combined), who had on the average 1.3 persons under 18 years old per family. Also, about 15 percent of all Mexican families had 7 or more persons in the family, as compared with 8 percent for Puerto Rican families (Table 11).

Income. In March 1974, the median income of all families in the United States was substantially higher than the median income for families with heads of Spanish origin, $12,000 and $8,700, respectively.

At the upper end of the income distribution, the marked difference between the income of all families in the United States and the income of families of Spanish origin is clearly noted. For example, about 9 percent of all families in the United States in 1974 had incomes of $25,000 or more, but only about 3 percent of Spanish origin families were in that income category. Also, about 1 of every 2 families in the United States as a whole, but only 39 percent of all Spanish origin families, had income between $10,000 and $25,000.

There was also a family income differential by type of Spanish origin of the head. Overall median family income of families where the head was of Mexican origin was only about $8,430, but the median of families where the head was of other Spanish origin (i.e., Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin combined) was substantially higher, $11,190 (Table 12).

For families with head of Spanish origin, the number of children in the family appeared inversely related to the amount of family income. Median income of Spanish origin families with no children was substantially higher at about $9,250 than the median for Spanish families with 5 children—only about $6,940. Spanish origin families with 2 children also had higher median incomes than Spanish families of 5 children. The income of very large Spanish origin families, those with 6 or more children, was relatively low. About 19 percent of all Spanish origin families with 6 or more children had incomes under $5,000, and only about 1 percent had incomes of $25,000 or more (Table 13).

Spanish families with a man as head had a higher median income, $9,830, than had families with a woman as head, $4,320. At the upper part of the income distribution there is a substantially larger proportion of Spanish origin families with a man as head than of families with a woman as head. About 1 of every 2 Spanish families headed by a man had an income over $10,000 in 1973; but only about 1 of every 10 families headed by a woman had an income of this level. At the lower end of the family income scale, the situation was reversed; only one of every 20 families headed by a man of Spanish origin had an income under $3,000, but 1 of every 4 families headed by a woman of Spanish origin had an income under $3,000.

There was also, in March 1974, a significant difference by sex in the income of unrelated individuals of Spanish origin. Men of Spanish origin not living with any relatives had a median income of about $5,100, as compared with only $2,500 for women of Spanish origin with similar living arrangements (Table 14).

Spanish origin families residing in large metropolitan areas were more likely to be affluent in March 1974 than Spanish families living outside of metropolitan areas. Median income of Spanish origin families living in metropolitan areas of 1 million or more persons was substantially higher—at about $9,560—than the median for Spanish families residing outside metropolitan areas—about $6,900 (Table 15).

In Spanish origin families, the income of the family appeared to be directly related to the educational attainment level of the head of the family. For example, in March 1974, the median income of Spanish origin families where the head reported less than 8 years of school was only about $6,700; in contrast, the median income of Spanish origin families where the head had completed 8 years of school was substantially higher, $8,400. On the average, family income increased as the education level of the head increased. In Spanish origin families where the head had completed exactly 4 years of high school, the median family income was about $11,490; this was about 37 percent higher than the median income of Spanish families where the head had only 8 years of school completed. Furthermore, the median family income of Spanish origin families where the head had completed 4 years of college or more was about $15,670, and this was about one-third higher than the median income of families where the head had completed exactly 4 years of high school. Only about 10 percent of Spanish families in which the head had completed less than 8 years of school had incomes of $15,000 and over, but about 52 percent of all Spanish

families where the head had completed 4 years of college or more had incomes of this kind (Table 16).

The number of earners in the family is a variable that has an especially direct bearing on the family income status. Thus about 9 percent of Spanish origin families with only one earner per family had incomes over $15,000 in 1973; but about 51 percent of Spanish origin families with 4 or more earners per family had incomes in 1973 over $15,000. Spanish families of one earner per family had a median family income in 1973 of only $7,290, but Spanish families of 4 or more earners in the family had a median income of about $15,200 (Table 17).

EDUCATION

Attainment. In March 1974, Spanish origin men and women 25 years old and over lagged behind the total population in educational attainment. About 1 of every 5 men of Spanish origin had completed less than 5 years of school, but only 1 of every 20 men in the total population had completed less than 5 years of school. Among the women, about 1 of every 5 of Spanish origin had completed less than 5 years of school, but only 1 of every 25 women in the total population was at that educational attainment level.

This educational gap between the Spanish origin and the population in general was markedly noticeable in the upper part of the age distribution. About 1 of every 2 men, and 1 of every 2 women of Spanish origin 65 years old and over had less than 5 years of school completed, but only 13 percent of all men and 11 percent of all women 65 years old and over in the population in general had completed less than 5 years of schooling (Table 18).

But the educational attainment among young adults is substantially above that among older persons of Spanish origin. In March 1974, 56 percent of the men and women of Spanish origin 20 to 24 years old had completed 4 years of high school or more as compared with only about 37 percent of those 25 years old and over.

Differences in the educational attainment among the subcategories of Spanish origin are noteworthy, with men of Mexican and Puerto Rican origin having less education than men of other Spanish origin combined (i.e., Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin). For example, among Mexican and Puerto Rican men 25 years old and over, only about 31 percent had completed high school; but among persons of other Spanish origin combined, 57 percent had completed high school (Table 19).

Income. In general, an individual's level of income is directly related to his level of educational attainment. For example, the median income of Spanish origin men 25 years old and over who had completed exactly 4 years of high school was about $9,100; by contrast, the median income of Spanish men who completed less than 8 years of schooling was substantially lower, about $5,500. About 41 percent of Spanish origin men who had completed exactly 4 years of high school were in the upper part of the income distribution (i.e., $10,000 or more); however, only about 19 percent of Spanish origin men who had completed only 8 years of schooling were in this part of the income distribution. Moreover, there was some evidence that Spanish men who had completed 4 years or more of college were more likely to have had incomes in 1973 of $10,000 or more than those who had completed exactly 4 years of high school; however, the size of the sample is too small to demonstrate that the observed difference was clearly significant (Table 20).

Occupation. For employed Spanish origin men in the prime ages of economic activity—25 to 64 years old—there were marked differences in educational attainment for those employed as white-collar workers and those employed as blue-collar workers. Only 5 percent of Spanish origin men in white-collar jobs had less than 5 years of school, but about 17 percent of Spanish origin men in blue-collar jobs had attained less than 5 years of schooling. By contrast, about 3 of every 4 men of Spanish origin employed in a white-collar job had completed 4 years of high school or more, but only about 1 of every 3 Spanish origin men employed as a blue-collar worker had completed 4 years of high school or more.

About 1 of every 2 Spanish origin men employed as a farm worker had completed less than 5 years of school, and only 6 percent had 4 years of high school or more (Table 21).

EMPLOYMENT AND OCCUPATION

The percent unemployed among Spanish origin persons in March 1974 was significantly higher than the percent unemployed in the general population; about 8.1 percent of all Spanish origin persons in the

civilian labor force were unemployed, as compared with 5.3 percent of the civilian labor force in the entire United States.

The Spanish origin population lagged behind the total population in the proportion holding relatively high-paying jobs. For example, about 15 percent of all employed persons in the United States were working in professional or technical occupations; but only about half of that proportion, 7 percent, of employed Spanish origin persons were in those occupations. In contrast, persons of Spanish origin were more likely to be working as operatives (e.g. garage workers, produce packers, laundry operatives, manufacturing checkers, etc.), about 28 percent, than the overall employed population, about 16 percent. There was also a larger proportion of Spanish origin persons working as farm laborers, 6 percent, compared to the total employed population, 2 percent.

There was a marked sex differential for persons of Spanish origin according to occupation, as about 7 percent of Spanish men were employed as managers and administrators, but only about 3 percent of Spanish women were in these professions. About 1 of every 4 employed women of Spanish origin was working in March 1974 in clerical or similar occupations, as compared to only 7 percent of the employed men.

A substantial proportion of employed Spanish origin women were service workers in March 1974, about one-fourth, but only about 12 percent of Spanish origin men were service workers.

Several marked differences in the occupation distribution existed in March 1974 within the population of Spanish origin. There was a significantly lower proportion of employed Mexican origin persons in the professional and technical fields as compared to the proportion of persons of "other" Spanish origin (i.e., Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish origin combined) employed in these professions. Also, about 9 percent of Mexican persons were working as farm laborers, but only about 1 percent of Puerto Ricans were so employed (Table 22).

INCOME OF PERSONS

Men of Spanish origin 14 years old and over with income had, on the average, lower incomes in 1973 than all men with income, as the median income for Spanish origin men was about $6,200, but the median for all men in the population was about $8,100.

A significantly smaller proportion of Spanish origin men were in the upper part of the income distribution compared to the proportion for all men. Only about 5 percent of Spanish origin men 14 years old and over had incomes of over $15,000 in 1973; the corresponding proportion for all men, however, was 17 percent.

Men of Spanish origin had higher median incomes in 1973 than women of Spanish origin; the median income of Spanish men, $6,200, was over double the median for Spanish women, $2,650.

About one-third of all Spanish origin women with income in 1973 made less than $2,000, but only about half that proportion—17 percent—of the Spanish men with income made less than $2,000. Farther up the income distribution, however, the reverse proportional relationship was evident. About 17 percent of the Spanish men had incomes between $10,000 and $15,000, but only about 2 percent of the Spanish women had incomes in that range.

The median income of Mexican origin men was not significantly different from the median income of Puerto Rican origin men. But Puerto Rican women had a substantially higher median income in 1973 than Mexican origin women. About 1 of every 4 Puerto Rican women with income in 1973 had an income under $2,000, but about 1 of every 2 Mexican origin women had an income under $2,000 (Table 24).

Men and women of Spanish origin residing in metropolitan areas had, on the average, higher incomes than Spanish origin persons living in nonmetropolitan areas. Specifically, Spanish men in metropolitan areas had a median income of $6,500, as compared to a median of $4,800 for Spanish men living in nonmetropolitan areas. And similarly, the median income of Spanish women who were metropolitan residents was $2,900, substantially more than the median—about $1,900—for women of Spanish origin who were nonmetropolitan residents (Table 25).

Men of Spanish origin who were heads of families had a significantly higher median income in 1973 than women of Spanish origin who were heads of families. About 30 percent of the Spanish men who were heads of families had incomes of $10,000 or more in 1973, as compared to only about 3 percent of Spanish women who were heads of families (Table 27).

LOW-INCOME POPULATION

In 1973, there were about 470,000 families of Spanish origin below the low-income level, or about 1

of every 5 families with a head of Spanish origin. Spanish origin families below the low-income level in 1973 were relatively large families with a mean size of 4.6 persons per family.

About 410,000, or 88 percent, of all Spanish origin families under the low-income level had related children under 18 years old as members of the family. The mean number of related children in these families was about 3.2 children per family.

About 73 percent of all Spanish origin families below the low-income level in 1973 were headed by a person who was not a high school graduate.

A substantial proportion of female-headed Spanish origin families were below the low-income level in 1973. Of the 411,000 families headed by a woman of Spanish origin, about 211,000, or 1 of every 2 was below the low-income level (Tables 28 and 29).

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population Coverage. This report includes the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States and members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces.

Rounding. The numbers in this report are in thousands. The figures may differ slightly from table to table since individual numbers were rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals. Similarly, individual percentages were rounded and parts may not always add to 100 percent.

Persons of Spanish Origin. Persons of Spanish origin in this report were determined on the basis of a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents were asked to select the origin (or the origin of some other household member) from a "flash card" listing ethnic origins. Persons of Spanish origin, in particular, were those who indicated that their origin was Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or some other Spanish origin.

Five Southwestern States. Data provided in this report for the five Southwestern States refer to the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas.

Age. This classification is based on the age of the person at his or her last birthday.

Marital Status. The marital status classification identifies four major categories: single, married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of the enumeration.

The category "married" is divided into "married, spouse present," and "married, spouse absent." A person was classified as "married, spouse present" if the husband or wife was reported as a member of the household, even though he or she may have been temporarily absent on business or on vacation visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. The group "married, spouse absent" includes married persons living apart because either the husband or wife was employed and living at a considerable distance from home, was serving away from home in the Armed Forces, was residing in an institution, had moved to another area, had separated from their spouse because of marital discord, or had a different place of residence for any other reason.

Metropolitan-Nonmetropolitan Residence. The population residing in standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) constitutes the metropolitan population. Except in New England, an SMSA is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are essentially metropolitan in character and are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In New England SMSA's consist of towns and cities, rather than counties. The metropolitan population in this report is based on SMSA's as defined in the 1970 census and does not include any subsequent additions or changes.

Family. The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated caretaker and his wife who are members of the household are considered as additional families, and not a part of the household head's family. The term "size of family" refers to the number of persons who are living together and are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Primary Family. A primary family is a family that includes among its members the head of a household.

Household. A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners, is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes rooming houses, college dormitories, military barracks, institutions, and other group quarters. Inmates of institutions (mental hospitals, rest homes, correctional institutions, etc.) were not included in the 1974 survey.

Head of Household, or Family. One person in each household (and in each family) is designated as the "head." The number of heads, therefore, is equal to the number of households (or families). The head is usually the person regarded as the head by the members of the group. Married women are not classified as heads if their husbands are living with them at the time of the survey.

Primary Individual. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Secondary Individual. A secondary individual in a household is a person such as a guest, lodger, or resident employee (excluding primary individuals) who is not related to any other person in the household. All persons in group quarters who were covered in the survey are counted as secondary individuals even though a small number of them were living with relatives.

Unrelated Individual. The term "unrelated individuals," as used in this report, refers to persons 14 years old and over (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may constitute a one-person household, may be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or may reside in group quarters such as a rooming house. Thus, a widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not related to the head of the household or to anyone else in the household, and a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives are examples of unrelated individuals.

Own Children and Related Children. "Own" children in a family are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the family head. "Related" children in a family include own children and all other children in the household who are related to the family head by blood, marriage, or adoption. For each type of family unit indentified in the CPS, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children; however "own children under 25" and "own children of any age," as the terms are used here, include all children regardless of marital status.

The count of related children in families was formerly restricted to single (never married) children. However, beginning with data for 1968 the Bureau of the Census includes ever-married children under the category of related children.

Years of School Completed. Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade of school. . .has ever attended?" and (b) "Did. . .finish this grade?"

The questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Labor Force. Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" is comprised of all civilians 14 years old and over classified as employed or unemployed.

Paid Labor Force. Persons are classified in the paid labor force if they were employed as wage and salary workers or self-employed workers during the survey week or were looking for work at the time and had last worked as wage and salary or self-employed workers.

Employed. Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the specified week, did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (2)

all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs. Excluded from the employed group are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, painting or repairing own home, etc.) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed. Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and (1) had engaged in any specific jobseeking activity within the past 4 weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Occupation. The data on occupation of employed persons 14 years old and over refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week. The occupation groupings used here are mainly the major groups used in the 1970 Census of Population. The composition of these groups is shown in the 1970 Census of Population, PC(1)-C Series, General Social and Economic Characteristics. The categories used are combinations of detailed classifications.

Four Occupation Divisions. The major groups of occupations are arranged in four divisions as follows:

White collar.—Professional, technical, and kindred workers; managers and administrators, except farm; sales workers; and clerical and kindred workers.

Blue collar.—Crafts and kindred workers; operatives, including transport; and laborers, except farm.

Farm workers.—Farmers and farm managers, farm laborers and farm supervisors.

Service workers.—Service workers, including private household workers.

The sequence in which these four divisions appear is not intended to imply that any division has a higher social or skill level than another.

Class of worker. The classification of class of worker shows the type of ownership of the employing organization. Placement of a person in a particular class-of worker category is, in most cases, independent of the occupation or industry in which this person worked. In this report the class of worker item consists of four major categories:

Private wage and salary workers.—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay in kind, or pay at piece rates.

Government workers.—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency.

Self-employed workers.—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Persons who consider themselves self-employed but work for corporations are included in the "private wage and salary workers" category. (In most cases these respondents will own or be part of a group that own controlling interest in the corporation.)

Unpaid family workers.—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a person to whom they are related by blood or marriage. These are usually the children or the wife of the owner of a business or farm. (About one-half of the unpaid family workers are farm laborers.)

Year-Round Full-Time Workers. A year-round full-time worker is one who worked primarily at full-time civilian jobs (35 hours or more per week) for 50 weeks or more during the preceding calendar year.

Income. For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in the preceding calendar year. Although the income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding year the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of families refer to the time of the survey. The income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during the income year but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Earnings. Money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment.

Number of Earners. This number includes all persons in the family with $1 or more in wages and salaries, or $1 or more or less in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Low-Income Status. Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the low-income (poverty) level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "low-income thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The average low-income threshold for a nonfarm family of four was $4,540 in 1973. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 98, "Characteristics of the Low-Income Population: 1973."

Median. The Median is presented in connection with the data on age, years of school completed, and income. It is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

Mean. The mean (or average) is presented in connection with data on number of persons per family. It is the value obtained by dividing the number of persons having the characteristic under consideration by the appropriate number of families.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data. The estimates for the Spanish origin population for 1974 are based on data obtained in March of 1974 in the Current Population Survey of the Bureau of the Census. The sample is spread over 461 areas comprising 923 counties and independent cities with coverage in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In the sample approximately 47,000 occupied households are eligible for interview each month. Of this number 2,000 occupied units, on the average, are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason. In addition to the 47,000 there are also about 8,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but are found to be vacant or otherwise not to be interviewed.

In order to obtain more reliable data for the Spanish origin population, the March CPS sample was enlarged to include all households from the November 1973 sample which contained at least one person of Spanish origin. This resulted in almost doubling the number of sample persons of Spanish origin.

The estimating procedure used in this survey involved the inflation of the weighted sample results to independent estimates of the total civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, race (white, Negro and other) and sex. Most Spanish origin persons are included in the white race. These independent estimates are based on statistics from the 1970 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, immigration and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces.[2]

The 1970 census data quoted in this report are obtained from the 1970 Census of Population: Persons of Spanish Origin, Volume PC(2)-1C and are based on a 5 percent sample of the population of the United States.

Reliability of the estimates. Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions and enumerators. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and of reporting as well as being subject to sampling variability.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the whole of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of certain response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 90 out of 100 that this difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error, and the chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

[2] Also, estimates of Spanish origin population for New York and the five Southwestern States, as given in tables A, 1 and 4, are derived from the Current Population Survey but ratio-estimated to independent controls for total State population.

All statements of comparison appearing in the text are significant at a 1.6 standard error level or better, and most are significant at a level of more than 2.0 standard errors. Statements of comparison qualified some way (e. g. bv the use of the phase "some evidence") have a level of significance between 1.6 and 2.0 standard errors.

The figures presented in tables D through O are approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown in this report. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the tables of standard errors provide an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than the precise standard error for any specific item. Tables D through G refer to estimated numbers and tables H through K to estimated percentages.

Standard error tables D through K are classified by characteristic type as well as by type of estimate, i.e., total or percentage. Type I characteristics are family or one-person-per-household characteristics, Type II refers to some persons in a household (not one and not all) and consist of education (II-E) and noneducation (II-N) characteristics while Type III characteristics tend to describe most of the persons in a household. Standard error tables D and H are for Type I characteristics, tables E and I are for Type II-E characteristics, tables F and J are for Type II-N characteristics and tables G and K are for Type III characteristics.

Table B is a guide to the use of tables D to G and H to K. Each data table is classified by its type of characteristics and table B indicates the appropriate standard error tables to be used.

Standard errors of estimated numbers. Tables D, E, F, and G show standard errors for estimated numbers. Linear interpolation in these tables may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table.

The standard errors are derived from the following formula:

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \qquad (F.1)$$

Here x is the size of the estimate and a and b are the parameters associated with the particular type of characteristic and its standard error table. Formula (F.1) may be used directly to compute the standard error if desired; it will give more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table C tells the values of the parameters that are used to create the standard error tables D through K. Formula (F.1) is used to create tables D through G, and Formula (F.2) for H through K.

Standard errors of estimated percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which this percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more.

Tables H through K show the standard errors of estimated percentages. Linear interpolation in these tables may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values of x and p.

The standard errors of estimated percentages are derived from the following formula:

$$\sigma_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{x} \cdot p\,(100-p)} \qquad (F.2)$$

Here x is the size of the subclass of the population which is the base of the percentage, p is the percentage ($0 \leq p \leq 100$), and b is the parameter in table C associated with the particular type of characteristic. Formula (F.2) may be used directly if desired. It gives more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Tables L and M are standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, respectively, for the labor force and unemployment characteristics for the total United States. These tables are to be used only with table 22, for the three columns referring to Total United States population.

Note when using small estimates. Percentage distributions are shown in this report only when the base of the percentage is greater than 75,000. Because of the large standard errors involved, there is little chance that percentages would reveal useful information when computed on a smaller base. Estimated totals are shown, however, even though the relative standard errors of these totals are larger than those for the corresponding percentages. These smaller estimates are provided primarily to permit such combinations of the categories as serve each user's needs.

Illustration of the use of tables of standard errors. Table 24 of this report shows that in March

Table B. CHARACTERISTIC TYPES FOR DATA TABLES

Data tables	Standard error tables	Characteristic type[1]
[2]1	F, J	II-N (Male or female alone)
	G, K	III (Both sexes)
2	F, J	II-N
3	F, J	II-N
[2]4	F, J	II-N (Both sexes)
5	D, H	I (Male or female alone)
	F, J	II-N (Both sexes)
6	D, H	I (Male or female alone)
	F, J	II-N (Both sexes)
7	D, H	I
8	D, H	I
9	D, H	I (Family) II-N (Persons)
10	F, J	II-N
11	D, H	I
12	D, H	I
13	D, H	I
14	D, H	I
15	D, H	I
16	D, H	I
17	D, H	I
18	E, I	II-E
19	E, I	II-E
20	F, J	II-N
21	F, J	II-N
22	D, H	I (Agriculture or detailed nonagriculture characteristics)
	F, J	II-N (Broad nonagriculture characteristics)
	L, M	Total United States labor force
23	F, J	II-N
24	F, J	II-N
25	F, J	II-N
26	F, J	II-N
27	F, J	II-N
28	D, H	I
29	D, H	I

[1]a. Type I characteristics are family or one-person-per-household characteristics.

b. Type II characteristics refer to some persons in a household (not one and not all) and consist of education (II-E) and noneducation (II-N) characteristics.

c. Type III characteristics tend to describe most of the persons in a household.

[2]For standard errors of estimates for five Southwestern States multiply the entries of the appropriate standard error table by 1.90.

Table C. STANDARD ERROR TABLES AND PARAMETERS TO BE USED FOR EACH CHARACTERISTIC

Characteristic type	Standard error tables		Parameters	
	Estimated totals	Estimated percentages	a	b
SPANISH ORIGIN				
I[1]	D	H	-0.0000195	1422.2069
II-E	E	I	-0.0000148	2285.1089
II-N[1]	F	J	-0.0000256	4431.7805
III	G	K	-0.0000441	8917.4236
Total United States labor force	L	M	-0.0000512	1629.1865

[1]To obtain parameters for the estimates (tables 1 and 4 only) for the five Southwestern States, multiply the Type II-N parameters by 3.59.

1974 there were 1,723,000 males of Mexican origin 14 years and over with income. Table B indicates that table 24 contains Type II-N characteristics and that table F is to be used to obtain standard errors for estimated totals and table J for standard errors of estimated percentages.

Table F shows that the standard error on an estimate of size 1,723,000 is approximately 84,000.[3] The chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimate would have been a figure differing from a complete census figure by less than 84,000. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would have differed from a complete census figure by less than 168,000 (2 x 84,000).

Of these 1,723,000 males of Mexican origin 14 years and over with income, 7.5 percent reported incomes between $1,000 and $1,999. Table J shows the standard error of 7.5 percent on a base of 1,723,000 to be approximately 1.5 percent.[4] Consequently, chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimated 7.5 percent would be within 1.5 percentage points of a complete census figure, and chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would be within 3.0 percentage points of a complete census figure; i.e., this 95 percent confidence interval would be from 4.5 to 10.5 percent.

Differences. For a difference between two sample estimates, the standard error is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. A more precise approximation to the sampling error of the difference in percents is given below.

Comparability of census and the CPS data. Data obtained from the Current Population Surveys and the 1970 census are not entirely comparable mostly because of differing survey procedures and differences in interviewer training and experience. These differences are not reflected in the standard error tables; therefore, caution should be used in comparing results between these different sources.

[3] Formula (F.1) gives a standard error of 87,000.
[4] Formula (F.2) gives a standard error of 1.3 percent.

Tables D,E,F, AND G STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED NUMBERS OF SPANISH ORIGIN PERSONS OR FAMILIES

Table D. TYPE I CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate	Standard error
10,000.....	4,000
25,000.....	6,000
50,000.....	8,000
100,000.....	12,000
250,000.....	19,000
500,000.....	27,000
1,000,000.....	38,000
2,500,000.....	59,000
5,000,000.....	81,000
7,500,000.....	98,000

Table E. TYPE II-E CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate	Standard error
10,000.....	5,000
25,000.....	8,000
50,000.....	11,000
100,000.....	15,000
250,000.....	24,000
500,000.....	34,000
1,000,000.....	48,000
2,500,000.....	75,000
5,000,000.....	105,000
7,500,000.....	128,000

Table F. TYPE II-N CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate	Standard error
10,000.....	7,000
25,000.....	10,000
50,000.....	15,000
100,000.....	21,000
250,000.....	33,000
500,000.....	47,000
1,000,000.....	66,000
2,500,000.....	104,000
5,000,000.....	147,000
7,500,000.....	178,000

Table G. TYPE III CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate	Standard error
10,000.....	9,000
25,000.....	15,000
50,000.....	21,000
100,000.....	30,000
250,000.....	47,000
500,000.....	67,000
1,000,000.....	94,000
2,500,000.....	148,000
5,000,000.....	208,000
7,500,000.....	254,000

Note: See table B to determine which table to use for a particular estimated number.

Differences between percents. The formulas for approximate standard errors of the difference between percents are given by (F.3) and (F.4):

$$\sigma_{(p_1-p_2)} = \sqrt{\sigma_{p_1}^2 + \sigma_{p_2}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{b_1}{x_1} p_1 (100 - p_1) + \frac{b_2}{x_2} p_2 (100 - p_2)} \qquad \text{(F.3)}$$

where the bases of the percents x_1 and x_2 do not overlap, and

$$\sigma_{(p_1 - p_2)} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{x} \left[100 (p_1 + p_2) - (p_1 - p_2)^2\right]} \qquad \text{(F.4)}$$

where the base x of the two percentages is the same.

In (F.3), b_1 and b_2 are the parameters for the characteristics and population in question; and p_1 and p_2 are the percentages being compared ($0 \leq p_1, p_2 \leq 100$). In (F.4), b is the b-parameter for the characteristic in question. Note in (F.4) that the characteristics corresponding to p_1 and p_2 have the same b.

Formula (F.3) is to be used when the bases do not overlap: for example, males of Mexican origin and males of Puerto Rican origin. It can also be used when one base is a subset of the other: for example, males of Mexican origin and all Spanish origin males, but in this case (F.3) will overestimate the standard error of the difference.

Formula (F.4) is to be used when the base of the two percents is the same and the percents do not overlap and the characteristics are of the same type: for example, if the base is all families with head of Spanish origin and one is comparing the percent of these families living in central cities with the percent in the suburbs (table 7), one may use Formula (F.4) to calculate the standard error of the difference.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a difference in percents. Table 24 shows that 6.8 percent of males of other Spanish origin reported incomes between $1,000 and $1,999 and that 7.5 percent of males of Mexican origin had incomes in this same interval. The standard error of 7.5 percent on a base of 1,723,000 is 1.5 percent as shown above. The standard error of 6.8 percent on a base of 780,000 is 2.0 percent from table J. The standard error of the estimated difference of 0.7 percent between males of Mexican origin and males of other Spanish origin is about 2.5 percent = $\sqrt{(1.5)^2 + (2.0)^2}$.[5] The difference of 0.7 is less than 2 x 2.5 = 5.0 percent, also less than 16 x 2.5 = 4.0 percent, thus we cannot conclude with 90 percent confidence that the percent of other Spanish origin males who had incomes between $1,000 and $1,999 is greater than the corresponding percent of Mexican origin males. Notice that in this case Formula (F.3) applies—the bases do not overlap.

Formula for the computation of the standard error of a mean. To get a rough estimate of the standard error of a mean, the following formula can be used:

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = b \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i x_i^2 - \bar{x}^2}{n} \right] \qquad \text{(F.5)}$$

where n is the weighted total number of cases in all c classes, p_i is the proportion of total cases in i^{th} class, x_i is the midpoint of the i^{th} class (or discrete value of the i^{th} class); for example, for means in table 11, use $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3, \ldots, x_7 = 8$. (The average family size of those containing 7 or more persons is about 8.) $\bar{x}$ is the mean value of the distribution:

$$\bar{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i x_i$$

[5] Formula (F.2) gives standard errors of 1.3 percent, 1.9 percent, and (F.3) gives 2.3 = $\sqrt{(1.3)^2 + (1.9)^2}$ for the estimates of 7.5 percent, 6.8 percent, and the 0.7 percent difference, respectively.

"b" is the parameter b from table C corresponding to the characteristic of interest (in our example for mean family size, b = 1422.2069). To obtain an estimated standard error for a mean value, find $\sigma_{\frac{x}{x}}^{2}$ and take the square root.

Medians. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the form as well as on the size of the distribution from which the median is determined. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of a median is to determine an interval about the estimated median, such that there is a stated degree of confidence that the median based on a complete census lies within the interval. The following procedure may be used to estimate confidence limits of a median based on sample data:

1. Determine the standard error of a 50 percent characteristic using the appropriate table and base.
2. Add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1)

Tables H AND I STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGES OF SPANISH ORIGIN PERSONS OR FAMILIES

Table H. TYPE I CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)							
	50	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	7,500
1 or 99.....	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1
2 or 98.....	2.4	1.7	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
5 or 95.....	3.7	2.6	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3
10 or 90.....	5.1	3.6	2.3	1.6	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4
25 or 75.....	7.3	5.2	3.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	0.7	0.6
35 or 65.....	8.0	5.7	3.6	2.5	1.8	1.1	0.8	0.7
50.....	8.4	6.0	3.8	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.7

Table I. TYPE II-E CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)							
	50	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	7,500
1 or 99.....	2.1	1.5	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
2 or 98.....	3.0	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95.....	4.7	3.3	2.1	1.5	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.4
10 or 90.....	6.4	4.5	2.9	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.5
25 or 75.....	9.3	6.5	4.1	2.9	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.8
35 or 65.....	10.2	7.2	4.6	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	0.8
50.....	10.7	7.6	4.8	3.4	2.4	1.5	1.1	0.9

Note: See table B to determine which table to use for a particular estimated percentage.

3. Using the distribution of the characteristic, read off the confidence interval corresponding to the two points established in step (2).

A two-standard error confidence interval may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50 percent plus and minus twice the standard error determined in step (1).

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a median. Table 12 shows that the median income for families of Mexican origin in 1973 was $8,435. The size or base of the distribution from which the median was determined is 1,359,000 families. Table B indicates that standard error tables D and H pertain to the entries in table 12.

Tables J AND K STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGES OF SPANISH ORIGIN PERSONS OR FAMILIES

Table J. TYPE II-N CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)							
	50	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	7,500
1 or 99.....	3.0	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2
2 or 98.....	4.1	2.9	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3
5 or 95.....	6.5	4.9	2.9	2.1	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.5
10 or 90.....	8.9	6.3	4.0	2.8	2.0	1.3	0.9	0.7
25 or 75.....	12.9	9.1	5.8	4.1	2.9	1.8	1.3	1.1
35 or 65.....	14.2	10.0	6.4	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.2
50.....	14.9	10.5	6.7	4.7	3.3	2.1	1.5	1.2

Table K. TYPE III CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)							
	50	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	7,500
1 or 99.....	4.2	3.0	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3
2 or 98.....	5.9	4.2	2.6	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.5
5 or 95.....	9.2	6.5	4.1	2.9	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.7
10 or 90.....	12.7	9.0	5.7	4.0	2.8	1.8	1.3	1.0
25 or 75.....	18.3	12.9	8.2	5.8	4.1	2.6	1.8	1.5
35 or 65.....	20.1	14.2	9.0	6.4	4.5	2.8	2.0	1.6
50.....	21.1	14.9	9.4	6.7	4.7	3.0	2.1	1.7

Note: See table B to determine which table to use for a particular estimated percentage.

1. Table H shows that the standard error of 50 percent on a base of 1,359,000 is about 1.7 percent (1.6 percent from formula (F.2)).
2. To obtain a two-standard error confidence interval on the estimated median, initially add to and subtract from 50 percent twice the standard error found in step (1). This yields percentage limits of 46.6 and 53.4.
3. From table 12 it can be seen that 38.8 percent of the Mexican origin had income of less than $7,000 and 8.1 percent had between $7,000 and $8,000. By linear interpolation the lower limit on the estimated median is found to be about:

$$7{,}000 + (8{,}000 - 7{,}000)\left(\frac{46.6 - 38.8}{8.1}\right) = 7963$$

Similarly, the upper limit may be found by linear interpolation to be about:

$$8{,}000 + (10{,}000 - 8{,}000)\left(\frac{53.4 - 46.9}{13.8}\right) = 8942$$

Thus, the 95 percent confidence interval for the median ranges from $7,963 to $8,942.

Table L. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PERSONS

Total employed, unemployed, or labor force total United States population

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate (000)	Standard error (000)
500	29
1,000	40
5,000	90
10,000	126
20,000	175
30,000	210
40,000	239
50,000	262
70,000	298
100,000	334

Table M. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGES

Total employed, unemployed, or labor force total United States population

(68 chances out of 100)

Base of percentages (000)	Estimated percentages					
	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
500	0.60	0.80	1.20	1.70	2.50	2.90
1,000	0.40	0.60	0.90	1.20	1.70	2.00
5,000	0.18	0.25	0.39	0.50	0.80	0.90
10,000	0.13	0.18	0.28	0.38	0.60	0.60
20,000	0.09	0.13	0.20	0.27	0.39	0.45
30,000	0.07	0.10	0.16	0.22	0.32	0.37
40,000	0.06	0.09	0.14	0.19	0.28	0.32
50,000	0.06	0.08	0.12	0.17	0.25	0.29
70,000	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.14	0.21	0.24
100,000	0.04	0.06	0.09	0.12	0.17	0.20

Standard errors of median earnings by occupation. Table 23 contains median earnings for Spanish origin and Mexican origin males and females, by occupation and class of worker. Table N gives the standard errors of these medians.

Table N. ESTIMATES OF STANDARD ERROR FOR MEDIANS IN TABLE 23

(68 chances out of 100)

Occupation and class of worker	Male		Female	
	Spanish origin	Mexican origin	Spanish origin	Mexican origin
Total with earnings	$231	$293	$246	$190
OCCUPATION				
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	$1,227	(B)	$1,701	(B)
Self-employed	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Salaried	1,034	(B)	1,743	(B)
Managers and administrators, except farm	1,172	1,271	(B)	(B)
Self-employed	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Salaried	1,343	(B)	(B)	(B)
Sales workers	2,734	(B)	336	(B)
Clerical and kindred workers	507	(B)	732	609
Craft and kindred workers	516	687	(B)	(B)
Operatives, including transport	303	436	301	435
Manufacturing	409	551	307	460
Other	486	751	1,012	(B)
Laborers, excluding farm	481	506	(B)	(B)
Farmers and farm managers	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Farm laborers and supervisors	599	641	313	304
Service workers, except private household	558	902	353	342
Private household workers	(B)	(B)	301	(B)
CLASS OF WORKER				
Private wage or salary workers	$241	$306	$262	$207
In agriculture	624	670	318	302
Not in agriculture	239	344	267	212
Government wage or salary workers	807	1,195	894	898
Public administration	759	904	(B)	(B)
Other government workers	808	1,321	776	824
Self-employed workers	1,573	(B)	(B)	(B)
In nonagricultural industries	1,670	(B)	(B)	(B)
Unpaid family workers	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

B Base less than 75,000.

1970 census data. The Spanish origin questions in the 1970 census were asked of about 5 percent of the population—hence these 1970 census figures on Spanish origin have standard errors. These are negligible compared to standard errors for CPS. Table O contains in detail the 1970 census numbers referred to in the text, along with their standard errors.

Table 0. STANDARD ERRORS OF 1970 CENSUS DATA (5-Percent Sample)

Description of base of percentage	Base (thous.)	Description of numerator	Percent	Standard error (percent)
Spanish origin persons...	9,073	Persons over 65.....	4.5	.04
Spanish origin families..	2,004	Families with income $25,000 or more.....	1.5	.05
Spanish origin persons 25 to 34.....	1,285	High school graduates...	44.6	.25
Spanish origin civilian labor force.....	3,199	Unemployment rate.....	6.4	.08
Spanish origin men with income (14+).....	2,414	Men with income $15,000 or more.....	2.8	.06

Description of base of mean	Base (thous.)	Description of mean	Mean	Standard error
Spanish origin families..	2,004	Mean number of persons per family.....	4.26	.008

Table 1. POPULATION OF SPANISH ORIGIN BY SEX AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND THE FIVE SOUTHWESTERN STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and origin	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
UNITED STATES						
Persons of Spanish origin	10,795	100.0	5,285	100.0	5,510	100.0
Mexican	6,455	59.8	3,259	61.7	3,196	58.0
Puerto Rican	1,548	14.3	717	13.6	830	15.1
Cuban	689	6.4	326	6.2	362	6.6
Central or South American	705	6.5	341	6.5	364	6.6
Other Spanish	1,398	13.0	641	12.1	757	13.7
FIVE SOUTHWESTERN STATES						
Persons of Spanish origin	6,319	100.0	3,128	100.0	3,191	100.0
Mexican	5,453	86.3	2,730	87.3	2,723	85.3
Puerto Rican	62	1.0	28	0.9	33	1.0
Other Spanish[1]	806	12.8	370	11.8	436	13.7

[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 2. TOTAL AND SPANISH ORIGIN POPULATION BY BROAD AGE GROUPS, SEX, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Age and sex	Total persons	Spanish origin					
		Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Central or South American	Other Spanish
BOTH SEXES							
Median age	28.5	20.1	18.9	19.8	35.7	25.2	19.2
Percent							
Under 5 years old	7.9	13.3	14.1	14.5	5.1	10.3	13.7
18 years old and over	67.6	54.3	52.0	53.3	71.9	64.3	52.1
65 years old and over	9.9	3.5	3.3	1.6	10.5	1.7	4.2
MALE							
Median age	27.4	19.3	18.1	18.9	34.8	25.1	18.1
Percent							
Under 5 years old	8.3	13.8	14.5	16.9	3.8	9.8	14.0
18 years old and over	66.0	52.6	50.2	51.5	72.3	64.2	50.2
65 years old and over	8.5	3.2	3.1	1.1	9.1	0.7	4.2
FEMALE							
Median age	29.6	20.9	19.7	20.4	36.6	25.4	20.1
Percent							
Under 5 years old	7.5	12.7	13.6	12.4	6.2	10.7	13.4
18 years old and over	69.1	55.9	53.8	54.9	71.4	64.4	54.0
65 years old and over	11.3	3.9	3.5	1.9	11.7	2.7	4.2

p 22 blank

Table 3. TOTAL AND SPANISH ORIGIN POPULATION BY AGE, SEX, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Age	Total persons		Spanish origin								Not Spanish origin	Do not know or not reported
			Total		Mexican		Puerto Rican		Other Spanish[1]			
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
Total....(thousands)..	100,871	107,077	5,285	5,310	3,259	3,196	717	830	1,309	1,483	180,281	16,870
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	8.3	7.5	13.8	12.7	14.5	13.6	16.9	12.4	10.4	11.0	7.8	5.3
5 and 6 years.....	3.4	3.1	4.8	4.9	5.4	4.7	4.3	6.0	3.4	4.9	3.2	2.5
7 to 9 years.....	5.5	5.0	8.0	7.3	8.5	7.5	7.7	8.4	7.1	6.2	5.2	4.0
10 to 13 years.....	8.3	7.5	11.3	10.2	11.2	11.0	11.9	9.8	11.2	8.7	7.9	6.4
14 and 15 years.....	4.2	3.9	5.0	4.5	5.1	4.5	4.3	5.1	5.0	4.2	4.0	4.4
16 and 17 years.....	4.1	3.8	4.5	4.5	5.0	4.9	3.5	3.3	3.6	4.2	3.9	4.2
18 and 19 years.....	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.0	4.3	3.1	4.1	3.8	4.0	3.7	4.3
20 and 21 years.....	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.3	4.0	2.6	3.9	3.1	2.4	3.5	4.1
22 to 24 years.....	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.1	5.7	5.0	6.8	4.8	4.4	5.5	4.9	5.5
25 to 29 years.....	7.7	7.5	7.6	8.2	7.2	7.9	7.9	11.2	8.4	7.2	7.5	7.9
30 to 34 years.....	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.3	5.7	5.5	9.3	6.7	6.8	7.8	6.3	6.7
35 to 44 years.....	10.9	10.8	10.6	11.5	10.4	11.4	8.9	11.1	12.2	12.1	10.7	12.1
45 to 54 years.....	11.3	11.4	8.0	8.1	7.1	7.9	7.9	7.1	10.2	9.2	11.5	11.8
55 to 64 years.....	9.0	9.5	4.3	5.0	3.9	4.3	3.3	4.1	5.8	6.9	9.4	10.3
65 to 74 years.....	5.6	6.9	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.4	0.7	1.4	3.4	4.1	6.5	6.8
75 years and over.....	2.8	4.4	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.6	3.8	3.7
18 years and over.....	66.0	69.1	52.6	55.9	50.2	53.8	51.5	54.9	59.3	60.8	67.9	73.2
21 years and over.....	60.4	63.6	47.2	49.9	44.7	47.6	46.9	48.9	53.6	55.4	62.4	66.8
Median age.....(years)..	27.4	29.6	19.3	20.9	18.1	19.7	18.9	20.4	23.5	24.3	28.8	31.0

[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 4. SPANISH ORIGIN POPULATION BY AGE, SEX, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE FIVE SOUTHWESTERN STATES: MARCH 1974

Age	Total Spanish origin		Mexican origin		Other Spanish origin[1]	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total..... thousands)..	3,128	3,191	2,730	2,723	398	469
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	14.2	12.6	14.4	12.8	12.8	11.5
5 and 6 years.....	5.6	4.6	5.8	4.5	4.2	5.6
7 to 9 years.....	8.1	7.3	8.4	7.6	5.9	5.4
10 to 13 years.....	11.2	10.5	11.2	11.1	11.3	7.1
14 and 15 years.....	5.0	5.7	5.0	4.7	5.2	4.4
16 and 17 years.....	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.0	3.9	5.8
18 and 19 years.....	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.6
20 and 21 years.....	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.8	2.9	3.8
22 to 24 years.....	5.5	5.1	5.6	4.8	4.7	6.9
25 to 29 years.....	7.0	7.8	6.8	7.8	8.4	7.5
30 to 34 years.....	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.4	7.4	6.5
35 to 44 years.....	10.1	11.8	10.0	11.7	10.8	12.3
45 to 54 years.....	7.7	8.4	7.3	8.4	10.3	8.3
55 to 64 years.....	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.8
65 to 74 years.....	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.7	3.5
75 years and over.....	0.8	1.4	0.6	1.3	1.5	2.3
18 years and over.....	51.0	55.2	50.1	54.4	57.0	60.0
21 years and over.....	45.3	49.1	44.3	48.3	51.6	53.1
Median age..... (years)..	18.4	20.4	18.0	20.0	21.9	22.8

[1]Includes Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 5. MARITAL STATUS OF PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Marital status	Total		Mexican		Puerto Rican		Other Spanish[1]	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total persons, 14 years and over	3,282	3,575	1,967	2,022	425	526	889	1,027
Single	1,120	959	674	555	148	131	297	273
Married	2,058	2,242	1 238	1,277	265	337	555	628
Widowed	41	220	25	115	2	28	13	77
Divorced	63	155	30	75	9	30	24	50
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single	34.1	26.8	34.3	27.4	34.9	25.0	33.4	26.6
Married	62.7	62.7	62.9	63.2	62.5	64 0	62.4	61.1
Widowed	1.2	6.2	1.3	5.7	0.6	5.3	1.5	7.5
Divorced	1.9	4.3	1.5	3.7	2.1	5.8	2.7	4.8

[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 6. MARITAL STATUS OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Marital status, sex, and type of Spanish origin	Total, 14 years and over	Age (years)									
		14 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 and over
SPANISH ORIGIN											
Male..... (thousands)..	3,282	702	459	401	341	298	264	422	228	127	41
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B)
Single.....	34.1	94.4	49.9	25.2	12.1	11.1	6.0	4.2	6.5	1.3	B)
Married, spouse present.....	58.6	4.8	45.0	67.0	78.8	74.7	86.3	88.5	84.6	82.9	B)
Married, spouse absent.....	4.1	0.6	3.3	5.3	5.9	11.2	4.2	4.3	2.7	2.5	B)
Separated.....	1.6	-	1.3	2.5	2.4	3.2	2.1	1.9	2.1	0.4	B)
Other.....	2.5	0.6	2.1	2.9	3.5	8.0	2.2	2.5	0.6	2.1	B)
Widowed.....	1.2	-	-	0.3	-	-	0.3	1.1	3.8	11.1	B)
Divorced.....	1.9	0.3	1.8	2.1	3.1	3.0	3.2	1.9	2.4	2.3	B)
Female..... (thousands)..	3,075	730	475	453	347	349	287	447	275	150	63
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B)
Single.....	26.8	86.2	34.8	13.7	7.0	3.2	6.1	4.9	4.4	9.2	B)
Married, spouse present.....	55.5	11.6	55.7	70.9	78.4	77.6	75.5	73.0	58.7	36.8	B)
Married, spouse absent.....	7.2	1.9	7.4	9.9	8.6	9.0	10.3	7.7	9.9	5.7	B)
Separated.....	5.8	0.7	6.0	7.6	7.3	8.1	9.3	7.4	6.8	4.6	B)
Other.....	1.5	1.2	1.4	2.3	1.3	0.9	1.0	0.4	3.1	1.1	B)
Widowed.....	6.2	-	0.3	0.3	1.1	1.8	2.5	7.2	20.3	43.7	B)
Divorced.....	4.3	0.1	1.8	5.2	4.9	8.4	5.6	7.2	6.6	4.5	B)
MEXICAN											
Male..... (thousands)..	1,967	460	292	234	185	184	154	231	127	78	22
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B)
Single.....	34.3	93.5	43.0	21.6	11.0	9.8	5.5	4.3	6.2	4.3	B)
Married, spouse present.....	58.2	5.9	51.6	71.6	80.2	70.6	87.6	87.4	84.6	82.1	B)
Married, spouse absent.....	4.7	0.2	4.1	4.5	7.7	16.8	3.3	4.9	3.6	2.6	B)
Separated.....	1.5	-	1.1	1.9	2.6	4.3	1.1	2.3	2.5	-	B)
Other.....	3.2	0.2	3.0	2.7	5.1	12.5	2.2	2.6	1.1	2.6	B)
Widowed.....	1.3	-	-	0.5	-	-	0.5	0.7	4.9	11.5	B)
Divorced.....	1.5	0.4	1.3	1.8	1.1	2.8	3.0	2.7	0.7	1.3	B)
Female..... (thousands)..	2,022	441	286	252	176	199	166	252	138	77	36
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B)
Single.....	27.4	84.6	33.0	14.6	6.2	2.4	6.1	4.5	5.4	7.7	B)
Married, spouse present.....	57.3	14.1	58.5	72.0	84.1	81.5	77.4	74.2	61.7	38.8	B)
Married, spouse absent.....	5.9	1.6	6.6	8.2	5.4	5.1	9.6	6.7	9.0	6.5	B)
Separated.....	4.5	0.5	4.7	6.0	4.6	4.3	7.8	6.4	6.2	5.5	B)
Other.....	1.4	1.1	1.9	2.2	0.8	0.7	1.8	0.3	2.7	1.1	B)
Widowed.....	5.7	-	0.3	0.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	9.1	18.7	42.1	B)
Divorced.....	3.7	-	1.6	3.0	2.6	9.1	5.0	5.5	3.2	4.9	B)

-Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 7. ALL FAMILIES AND FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH ORIGIN BY TYPE OF FAMILY, TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN OF THE HEAD, AND METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Area	Total	Type of family by origin of head								
		Total Spanish origin	Mexican			Puerto Rican			Other Spanish[2]		
			Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head
All families	55,053	2,365	1,359	1,117	196	382	245	127	625	514	88
Metropolitan areas	37,317	1,952	1,021	838	146	360	230	123	571	465	83
Central cities	16,019	1,204	569	451	94	300	185	109	335	268	51
Metropolitan areas of 1,000,000 or more	21,190	1,312	563	460	77	305	193	106	444	357	69
Central cities	8,476	801	274	220	39	255	156	94	272	218	41
Metopolitan areas of 250,000 to 1,000,000	11,103	456	301	253	42	41	28	13	113	96	13
Central cities	4,987	288	200	159	35	31	20	10	57	45	9
Metropolitan areas of less than 250,000	5,024	184	156	125	26	14	10	4	14	13	2
Central cities	2,557	115	95	71	20	14	10	4	6	5	1
Nonmetropolitan areas	17,736	413	337	279	50	22	14	4	54	49	5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION											
All families	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Metropolitan areas	67.8	82.5	75.1	75.0	74.5	94.2	93.9	96.9	91.4	90.5	94.3
Central cities	29.1	50.9	41.9	40.4	48.0	78.5	75.5	85.8	53.6	52.1	58.0
Metropolitan areas of 1,000,000 or more	38.5	55.5	41.4	41.2	39.3	79.8	78.8	83.5	71.0	69.5	78.4
Central cities	15.4	33.9	20.2	19.7	19.9	66.8	63.7	74.0	43.5	42.4	46.6
Metropolitan areas of 250,000 to 1,000,000	20.2	19.3	22.1	22.6	21.4	10.7	11.4	10.2	18.1	18.7	14.8
Central cities	9.1	12.2	14.7	14.2	17.9	8.1	8.2	7.9	9.1	8.8	10.2
Metropolitan areas of less than 250,000	9.1	7.8	11.5	11.2	13.3	3.7	4.1	3.1	2.2	2.5	2.3
Central cities	4.6	4.9	7.0	6.4	10.2	3.7	4.1	3.1	1.0	1.0	1.1
Nonmetropolitan areas	32.2	17.5	24.8	25.0	25.5	5.8	5.7	3.1	8.6	9.5	5.7

[1] Includes families with "Other male head" not shown separately.
[2] Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 8. FAMILY STATUS OF ALL PERSONS AND PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Family status	Total persons		Spanish Origin							
			Total		Mexican		Puerto Rican		Other Spanish[1]	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total persons, 14 years and over.	75,040	82,244	3,282	3,575	1,967	2,022	425	526	889	1,027
Head of household	53,862	15,997	2,148	574	1,255	262	293	149	600	164
Head of primary family	48,208	6,709	1,950	407	1,160	195	254	127	537	85
Primary individual	5,654	9,288	198	167	95	67	39	22	63	78
Living alone	4,742	8,626	150	152	67	61	34	18	50	73
With nonrelative	912	662	48	15	29	6	6	5	14	5
Not head of household	21,179	66,247	1,134	3,000	712	1,761	132	377	289	863
In families	19,291	64,816	1,020	2,954	632	1,740	123	370	265	844
Secondary individual	1,887	1,431	114	46	80	21	10	6	24	20
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
Total persons, 14 years and over.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Head of household	71.8	19.5	65.4	16.1	63.8	12.9	68.9	28.3	67.5	15.9
Head of primary family	64.2	8.2	59.4	11.4	58.9	9.6	59.6	24.1	60.4	8.3
Primary individual	7.5	11.3	6.0	4.7	4.8	3.3	9.2	4.2	7.1	7.6
Living alone	6.3	10.5	4.6	4.2	3.4	3.0	7.9	3.4	5.6	7.1
With nonrelative	1.2	0.8	1.5	0.4	1.5	0.3	1.3	0.9	1.5	0.5
Not head of household	28.2	80.5	34.6	83.9	36.2	87.1	31.1	71.7	32.5	84.1
In families	25.7	78.8	31.1	82.6	32.1	86.0	28.9	70.5	29.8	82.2
Secondary individual	2.5	1.7	3.5	1.3	4.1	1.0	2.2	1.2	2.7	1.9

[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 9. PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN, BY FAMILY STATUS AND AGE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Subject	Total	Age of head (years)							
		Under 25	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 and over
SPANISH ORIGIN									
Households by Type									
All households.....(thousands)..	2,722	344	392	349	613	495	294	174	61
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Primary families.....	86.6	80.7	86.4	90.6	92.6	91.2	84.9	70.8	(B)
Husband-wife.....	68.8	62.9	67.1	76.9	72.9	74.7	64.6	56.8	(B)
Other male head.....	2.8	4.6	3.4	1.5	2.1	2.0	2.5	4.0	(B)
Female head.....	15.0	13.2	15.9	12.2	17.5	14.5	17.8	10.0	(B)
Primary individuals.....	13.4	19.3	13.6	9.4	7.4	8.8	15.1	29.2	(B)
Male.....	7.3	10.2	10.4	7.0	5.6	5.2	5.4	8.2	(B)
Female.....	6.1	9.1	3.2	2.5	1.8	3.5	9.7	21.0	(B)
Age of Household Members									
All members.....(thousands)..	10,144	964	1,302	1,447	2,924	2,075	903	416	113
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 18 years.....	43.6	34.3	45.0	53.4	56.0	41.0	21.7	8.9	5.3
18 to 64 years.....	52.7	65.6	54.9	46.2	43.1	57.4	76.3	38.0	25.7
65 years and over.....	3.7	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.5	2.0	52.9	68.1
Members of husband-wife households.....(thousands)..	7,917	677	964	1,187	2,331	1,729	682	399	48
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Under 18 years.....	44.1	35.7	43.7	52.7	55.8	41.8	21.7	11.4	(B)
18 to 64 years.....	52.9	64.3	56.2	47.0	43.5	56.7	76.5	41.5	(B)
65 years and over.....	3.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.4	1.9	47.2	(B)
Members of households with female head.....(thousands)..	1,706	175	246	198	495	283	185	85	39
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Under 18 years.....	50.9	44.0	64.6	70.7	65.3	42.4	23.2	4.7	(B)
18 to 64 years.....	43.2	56.0	35.4	29.3	33.9	55.5	74.1	27.1	(B)
65 years and over.....	6.0	-	-	-	1.0	1.8	2.2	68.2	(B)
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
Households by Type									
All households.....(thousands)..	1,516	210	223	169	346	266	159	107	36
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Primary families.....	89.3	87.8	89.6	94.8	94.7	93.0	86.0	73.6	(B)
Husband-wife.....	73.5	75.0	73.8	87.3	75.8	75.7	67.4	58.9	(B)
Other male head.....	2.9	4.6	2.5	1.4	3.1	1.7	2.1	4.0	(B)
Female head.....	12.9	8.2	13.3	6.1	15.8	15.6	16.6	10.7	(B)
Primary individuals.....	10.7	12.2	10.4	5.2	5.3	7.0	14.0	26.4	(B)
Male.....	6.3	7.7	8.2	4.3	4.4	5.8	6.1	8.5	(B)
Female.....	4.4	4.6	2.2	0.9	0.9	1.2	7.9	17.9	(B)
Age of Household Members									
All members.....(thousands)..	6,211	645	807	784	1,831	1,255	540	280	69
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Under 18 years.....	46.5	35.8	47.8	56.1	58.5	45.8	27.6	10.4	(B)
18 to 64 years.....	50.1	64.2	52.0	44.0	40.9	53.4	70.7	41.4	(B)
65 years and over.....	3.4	-	0.1	-	0.5	0.8	1.9	48.2	(B)
Members of husband-wife households.....(thousands)..	5,073	511	647	702	1,496	1,057	424	210	27
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
Under 18 years.....	47.7	37.8	47.9	56.6	58.9	46.5	27.6	12.9	(B)
18 to 64 years.....	49.8	62.2	51.9	43.4	40.8	52.6	71.0	44.8	(B)
65 years and over.....	2.6	-	0.2	-	0.3	0.9	1.7	42.4	(B)
Members of households with female head.....(thousands)..	834	67	119	51	268	160	97	51	22
Percent.....	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)
Under 18 years.....	51.8	(B)	62.2	(B)	67.5	49.4	30.9	(B)	(B)
18 to 64 years.....	41.5	(B)	37.0	(B)	32.1	50.6	66.0	(B)	(B)
65 years and over.....	6.6	(B)	-	(B)	0.7	0.6	3.1	(B)	(B)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. B Base less than 75,000.

Table 10. FAMILY RELATIONSHIP AND PRESENCE OF PARENTS FOR PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD BY AGE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Family relationship, presence of parents, and type of Spanish origin	Total under 18 years[1]	Age				
		Under 3 years	3 to 5 years	6 to 9 years	10 to 13 years	14 to 17 years
PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN						
Total.....(thousands)..	4,901	863	855	1,062	1,159	962
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In families.....	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.3
Child of family head.....	95.2	93.3	95.0	96.7	96.6	93.9
Grandchild of family head.....	1.7	4.1	2.0	1.2	0.9	0.5
Other relative of family head.....	3.0	2.6	3.0	2.0	2.5	4.9
Living with both parents.....	78.6	84.5	79.3	80.5	76.5	73.3
Child of family head.....	78.0	82.6	78.6	80.0	76.3	73.3
Grandchild of family head.....	0.6	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.1
Other relative of family head.....	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	-
Living with mother only.....	18.2	13.6	18.4	17.6	20.2	20.3
Child of family head.....	16.6	10.6	16.2	16.3	19.2	19.5
Grandchild of family head.....	1.1	2.4	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.5
Other relative of family head.....	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3
Living with father only.....	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.1
Child of family head.....	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.2	1.1
Grandchild of family head.....	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	-
Other relative of family head.....	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	-	-
Living with neither parent.....	2.3	1.5	2.1	1.5	2.1	4.5
Not in families.....	0.1	-	-	-	-	0.7
PERSONS OF MEXICAN ORIGIN						
Total.....(thousands)..	3,072	548	539	662	716	607
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In families.....	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7
Child of family head.....	94.6	92.2	94.4	96.0	96.1	93.8
Grandchild of family head.....	2.2	3.3	2.9	1.5	1.3	0.6
Other relative of family head.....	3.1	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.7	5.2
Living with both parents.....	82.0	85.2	84.6	84.2	80.4	76.5
Child of family head.....	81.3	83.0	83.5	83.7	80.1	76.4
Grandchild of family head.....	0.7	1.9	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.1
Other relative of family head.....	0.1	0.3	0.2	-	-	-
Living with mother only.....	14.9	13.2	13.6	13.8	16.4	17.2
Child of family head.....	12.8	9.1	10.7	12.1	15.0	16.4
Grandchild of family head.....	1.5	3.4	2.0	1.0	0.8	0.5
Other relative of family head.....	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.3
Living with father only.....	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.0
Child of family head.....	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.0
Grandchild of family head.....	-	-	-	-	0.1	-
Other relative of family head.....	-	0.3	-	-	-	-
Living with neither parent.....	2.3	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.1	4.9
Not in families.....	0.1	-	-	-	-	0.3

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
[1]Excludes persons under 18 years old who are heads or wives of heads of families.

Table 11. CHARACTERISTICS OF ALL FAMILIES AND FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH ORIGIN, BY SIZE, TYPE OF FAMILY, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN OF THE HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Subject	All families			Type of family by origin of head											
				Spanish origin			Mexican origin			Puerto Rican origin			Other Spanish origin[2]		
	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head	Total[1]	Husband-wife	Female head
Total persons in families...(thousands)..	189,361	163,480	21,823	9,634	7,882	1,557	5,961	5,053	790	1,442	945	473	2,231	1,885	294
All families.....(thousands)..	55,053	46,812	6,804	2,365	1,876	411	1,359	1,117	196	382	245	127	625	514	88
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons	37.4	35.6	44.9	23.2	20.1	30.4	18.8	16.2	26.0	25.1	21.6	28.3	31.5	27.8	42.0
3 persons	21.2	20.8	24.4	21.7	20.9	25.1	20.1	19.0	25.0	25.4	25.7	25.2	22.9	22.8	26.1
4 persons	19.6	20.8	13.9	21.1	22.2	18.2	20.7	21.4	19.4	20.9	21.6	20.5	21.9	24.3	12.5
5 persons	11.6	12.3	8.2	15.0	15.9	12.4	15.3	16.0	14.3	14.7	17.1	11.0	13.9	15.2	10.2
6 persons	5.5	5.8	4.1	7.9	8.5	6.6	9.9	10.7	7.7	6.5	6.9	6.3	4.2	4.3	3.4
7 or more persons	4.7	4.9	4.4	11.2	12.4	7.3	14.9	16.7	7.7	7.6	6.9	8.7	5.4	5.8	4.5
Mean number of persons	3.44	3.49	3.21	4.07	4.20	3.79	4.39	4.52	4.03	3.77	3.86	3.72	3.57	3.67	3.34
Mean number of members:															
Under 18 years	1.21	1.19	1.46	1.86	1.85	2.20	2.12	2.15	2.37	1.84	1.60	2.37	1.31	1.31	1.56
18 to 64 years	1.97	2.04	1.48	2.08	2.22	1.49	2.14	2.26	1.55	1.89	2.20	1.31	2.08	2.17	1.63
65 years and over	0.26	0.25	0.27	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.18	0.19	0.16
Mean number of own children under 18 years	1.15	1.16	1.27	1.76	1.78	1.95	1.99	2.06	1.98	1.74	1.53	2.25	1.26	1.27	1.44
Own children under 6 years	0.38	0.35	0.31	0.60	0.63	0.56	0.69	0.74	0.55	0.66	0.66	0.73	0.36	0.39	0.34
Own children under 3 years	0.16	0.17	0.12	0.29	0.32	0.22	0.34	0.37	0.26	0.31	0.34	0.27	0.18	0.21	0.08

[1]Includes families with "Other male heads" not shown separately.
[2]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

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Table 12. INCOME IN 1973 OF ALL FAMILIES AND FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH ORIGIN BY SIZE OF FAMILY AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN OF THE HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Size of family	Total (thousands)	Percent	Under $2,000	$2,000 to $2,999	$3,000 to $3,999	$4,000 to $4,999	$5,000 to $6,999	$7,000 to $7,999	$8,000 to $9,999	$10,000 to $14,999	$15,000 to $24,999	$25,000 and over	Median income
Total families	55,053	100.0	2.9	3.1	4.1	4.5	9.4	4.9	10.0	25.5	26.1	9.3	$12,044
2 persons	20,592	100.0	4.2	5.3	6.3	7.0	13.0	6.0	10.6	21.9	19.4	6.4	9,522
3 persons	11,673	100.0	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.5	9.0	5.2	10.9	27.5	26.5	8.8	12,110
4 persons	10,789	100.0	1.8	1.4	2.5	2.3	6.0	4.1	9.4	29.8	31.6	11.3	13,710
5 persons	6,386	100.0	1.8	1.6	2.6	3.0	6.0	3.4	8.5	26.8	34.1	12.2	14,250
6 persons	3,021	100.0	1.6	1.8	2.5	3.4	7.1	2.8	8.8	25.5	32.9	13.8	14,289
7 or more persons	2,593	100.0	1.6	1.8	2.6	4.1	9.1	4.7	9.2	24.0	29.0	13.8	13,317
Total families with head of Spanish origin	2,365	100.0	4.4	4.8	6.5	7.3	14.9	7.8	12.3	23.7	15.6	2.8	8,715
2 persons	548	100.0	7.8	9.5	7.5	8.2	13.0	8.0	11.1	20.8	12.2	2.0	7,512
3 persons	514	100.0	6.4	5.8	6.2	7.2	15.6	7.4	12.6	21.0	15.6	2.1	8,244
4 persons	498	100.0	1.6	2.6	8.8	7.0	11.6	9.8	12.0	27.7	15.5	3.2	9,257
5 persons	354	100.0	3.4	2.3	4.5	7.1	15.0	6.5	11.9	27.1	18.6	3.4	9,860
6 persons	186	100.0	1.6	2.2	5.9	4.3	19.4	5.9	13.4	24.2	19.9	3.8	9,668
7 or more persons	264	100.0	1.9	2.3	3.8	8.0	20.1	7.6	14.4	22.3	15.9	3.8	8,842
Families with head of Mexican origin	1,359	100.0	5.0	5.5	5.9	6.9	15.5	8.1	13.8	23.4	13.9	1.9	8,435
2 persons	256	100.0	10.2	12.9	9.0	8.6	13.3	7.4	9.8	17.2	10.9	1.2	6,375
3 persons	273	100.0	7.0	6.6	5.5	6.6	17.6	8.8	12.8	22.3	11.4	1.1	7,771
4 persons	281	100.0	2.8	2.8	7.1	6.4	14.9	10.7	13.5	26.3	13.5	2.1	8,696
5 persons	210	100.0	4.3	2.4	3.8	6.7	15.7	6.7	15.7	25.2	18.1	1.4	9,198
6 persons	135	100.0	2.2	3.0	4.4	3.0	17.0	5.9	14.8	28.9	18.5	3.7	10,138
7 or more persons	202	100.0	2.5	3.0	4.0	8.9	16.3	7.4	17.8	22.8	13.9	3.5	8,888
Families with head of Puerto Rican origin	382	100.0	5.5	5.0	12.8	10.2	18.6	9.2	9.9	16.0	10.7	1.8	6,779
2 persons	96	100.0	8.3	6.3	8.3	8.3	15.6	12.5	12.5	14.6	9.4	3.1	7,203
3 persons	97	100.0	12.4	6.2	12.4	10.3	13.4	7.2	14.4	12.4	10.3	2.1	6,529
4 persons	80	100.0	-	5.0	23.8	11.3	11.3	10.0	6.3	17.5	12.5	-	6,544
5 persons	56	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 persons	25	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 or more persons	28	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Families with head of other Spanish origin[1]	625	100.0	2.4	3.2	3.7	6.2	11.2	6.2	10.2	29.3	22.4	5.3	11,191
2 persons	197	100.0	4.6	6.6	5.1	7.6	11.7	6.1	11.7	28.4	15.2	2.5	9,509
3 persons	143	100.0	2.8	4.2	3.5	7.0	12.6	4.9	11.2	24.5	28.0	3.5	11,163
4 persons	137	100.0	0.7	0.7	2.9	5.8	5.1	8.0	11.7	36.5	20.4	7.3	11,979
5 persons	87	100.0	2.3	1.1	3.4	4.6	12.6	6.9	5.7	34.5	23.0	8.0	12,252
6 persons	26	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 or more persons	34	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.
[1] Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 13. INCOME IN 1973 OF FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN BY NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Number of related children and origin of the head	Number (thousands)	Percent	Under $2,000	$2,000 to $2,999	$3,000 to $3,999	$4,000 to $4,999	$5,000 to $6,999	$7,000 to $7,999	$8,000 to $9,999	$10,000 to $14,999	$15,000 to $24,999	$25,000 and over	Median income
SPANISH ORIGIN[a]													
Total families	2,365	100.0	4.4	4.8	6.5	7.3	14.9	7.8	12.3	23.7	15.6	2.8	$8,715
No children	639	100.0	3.7	6.1	5.0	7.9	12.7	8.5	11.7	25.1	16.1	3.0	9,253
1 child	521	100.0	6.9	5.3	6.3	5.4	14.5	6.4	13.6	20.2	17.3	3.9	8,727
2 children	480	100.0	4.5	4.1	6.4	7.7	11.2	10.1	10.8	26.4	16.0	2.6	9,018
3 children	338	100.0	2.9	4.2	10.5	5.5	17.1	5.9	11.7	25.8	15.2	1.3	8,519
4 children	183	100.0	2.7	4.1	6.6	8.8	17.1	6.3	13.7	24.6	13.4	2.5	8,567
5 children	91	100.0	5.1	2.3	6.8	8.8	27.7	6.5	11.1	18.6	8.7	4.2	6,943
6 children or more	113	100.0	2.5	2.0	2.7	12.2	23.6	10.4	16.0	17.7	12.2	0.6	7,667
MEXICAN ORIGIN													
Total families	1,359	100.0	5.0	5.5	5.9	6.9	15.5	8.1	13.8	23.4	13.9	1.9	8,435
No children	314	100.0	4.1	8.8	6.6	8.3	14.4	9.2	10.2	23.7	12.4	2.3	7,853
1 child	278	100.0	8.8	5.8	6.3	5.1	15.0	6.6	15.2	19.0	16.1	1.9	8,334
2 children	268	100.0	4.0	3.7	6.0	6.9	13.1	10.0	12.0	26.7	13.2	2.1	8,920
3 children	211	100.0	4.2	4.6	5.5	5.2	19.6	7.3	15.6	23.9	13.6	0.7	8,361
4 children	133	100.0	3.0	4.5	6.8	5.5	13.3	5.4	16.1	28.7	14.7	1.7	9,305
5 children	71	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 children or more	82	100.0	3.4	2.8	2.7	13.9	14.0	12.1	21.1	18.1	11.1	0.9	8,096

B Base less than 75,000.

Table 14. INCOME IN 1973 OF FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN BY TYPE OF FAMILY AND OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income	Families							Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Male head					Female head	Total	Male	Female
		Total	Married wife present			Other marital status				
			Total	Wife in paid labor force	Wife not in paid labor force					
SPANISH ORIGIN										
Number..... thousands	2,365	1,954	1,876	744	1,132	78	411	526	312	214
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under $2,000	4.4	2.4	2.0	1.5	2.6	12.3	13.8	25.1	17.1	36.9
$2,000 to $2,999	4.8	2.7	2.3	0.4	3.7	8.8	14.8	15.6	10.1	23.4
$3,000 to $3,999	6.5	4.1	4.1	2.3	5.4	3.9	17.6	9.9	11.2	8.0
$4,000 to $4,999	7.3	6.2	6.2	3.7	7.7	8.0	12.2	9.7	10.5	8.5
$5,000 to $6,999	14.9	13.7	13.7	8.7	17.0	12.4	20.6	16.4	20.6	10.3
$7,000 to $7,999	7.8	8.4	8.6	7.1	9.5	3.9	5.2	6.7	8.2	4.5
$8,000 to $9,999	12.3	13.7	13.8	12.3	14.7	11.5	5.6	6.8	8.5	4.0
$10,000 to $14,999	23.7	27.2	27.6	30.9	25.4	20.2	7.0	7.8	10.9	3.3
$15,000 to $24,999	15.6	18.5	18.5	29.2	11.5	16.9	2.1	1.7	2.2	1.1
$25,000 and over	2.8	3.2	3.2	4.2	2.5	2.0	1.2	0.5	0.8	-
Median income	$8,715	$9,832	$9,893	$12,182	$8,533	$8,101	$4,324	$3,935	$5,096	$2,501
MEXICAN ORIGIN										
Number..... thousands	1,359	1,163	1,117	399	718	46	196	263	176	87
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under $2,000	5.0	2.6	2.4	1.6	2.6	(B)	19.4	26.9	19.9	40.9
$2,000 to $2,999	5.5	3.2	3.0	0.4	4.5	(B)	18.6	16.5	12.4	24.7
$3,000 to $3,999	5.9	4.9	4.9	3.5	5.8	(B)	11.7	11.1	12.8	7.8
$4,000 to $4,999	6.9	6.6	6.6	3.9	8.0	(B)	8.9	10.7	12.0	8.1
$5,000 to $6,999	15.5	14.7	14.7	10.9	16.8	(B)	20.3	15.6	18.4	9.8
$7,000 to $7,999	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.1	8.9	(B)	4.7	5.7	6.4	4.3
$8,000 to $9,999	13.8	15.1	15.4	12.1	17.2	(B)	6.8	5.9	7.5	2.5
$10,000 to $14,999	23.4	26.1	26.2	28.6	24.9	(B)	7.0	7.1	9.7	1.9
$15,000 to $24,999	13.9	16.0	16.0	27.0	9.9	(B)	1.3	-	-	-
$25,000 and over	1.9	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.4	(B)	1.2	0.6	0.9	-
Median income	$8,435	$9,220	$9,246	$11,328	$8,404	(B)	$4,033	$3,474	$4,420	$2,269

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 15. INCOME IN 1973 OF FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN AND OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY RESIDENCE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Subject	United States	In metropolitan areas							Outside metropolitan areas
		Total	1,000,000 or more			Under 1,000,000			
			Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	
SPANISH ORIGIN									
Families									
Number.....(thousands)..	2,365	1,952	1,312	801	511	640	403	237	413
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under $2,000.....	4.4	4.2	3.7	4.0	3.4	5.2	6.1	3.6	5.2
$2,000 to $2,999.....	4.8	4.2	4.2	4.5	3.5	4.4	5.6	2.4	7.3
$3,000 to $3,999.....	6.5	6.4	6.4	7.5	4.7	6.4	6.8	5.7	6.7
$4,000 to $4,999.....	7.3	6.6	6.7	7.5	5.4	6.4	7.8	4.0	10.5
$5,000 to $6,999.....	14.0	13.5	12.7	14.7	9.6	15.1	15.4	14.7	21.3
$7,000 to $7,999.....	7.8	7.4	7.2	8.0	6.0	7.8	7.7	8.1	9.8
$8,000 to $9,999.....	12.3	12.2	11.5	11.2	12.1	13.3	12.4	14.9	13.0
$10,000 to $14,999.....	23.7	24.8	24.3	23.9	25.0	25.8	23.3	30.3	18.6
$15,000 to $24,999.....	15.6	17.5	19.6	16.0	25.2	13.2	12.7	14.0	6.7
$25,000 and over.....	2.8	3.2	3.7	2.8	5.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.9
Median income.....	$8,715	$9,227	$9,557	$8,647	$10,939	$8,687	$8,101	$9,484	$6,904
Unrelated individuals									
Number.....(thousands)..	526	455	344	254	91	111	82	29	71
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)
Under $2,000.....	25.1	21.9	19.0	19.6	17.6	30.6	32.7	(B)	(B)
$2,000 to $2,999.....	15.6	14.9	14.8	15.7	12.4	14.9	16.3	(B)	(B)
$3,000 to $3,999.....	9.9	10.4	10.2	9.1	13.3	11.3	14.3	(B)	(B)
$4,000 to $4,999.....	9.7	9.8	10.7	9.7	13.6	7.0	7.6	(B)	(B)
$5,000 to $6,999.....	16.4	17.3	19.1	21.9	11.4	11.9	7.9	(B)	(B)
$7,000 to $7,999.....	6.7	7.6	7.5	8.0	6.2	7.9	3.8	(B)	(B)
$8,000 to $9,999.....	6.6	7.1	6.1	5.4	8.1	10.1	9.8	(B)	(B)
$10,000 to $14,999.....	7.8	8.5	9.4	7.6	14.5	5.7	6.8	(B)	(B)
$15,000 to $24,999.....	1.7	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.1	0.6	0.8	(B)	(B)
$25,000 and over.....	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	-	-	B	B
Median income.....	$3,935	$4,292	$4,557	$4,587	$4,499	$3,294	$3,055	(B)	(B)
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
Families									
Number.....(thousands)..	1,359	1,021	563	274	290	458	295	162	337
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under $2,000.....	5.0	4.7	3.6	2.4	4.6	6.3	7.5	3.8	6.0
$2,000 to $2,999.....	5.5	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.4	4.0	4.7	2.7	8.5
$3,000 to $3,999.....	5.9	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.0	5.9	7.1
$4,000 to $4,999.....	6.9	5.9	5.4	7.2	3.7	6.6	7.0	5.8	9.8
$5,000 to $6,999.....	15.5	13.4	10.5	12.1	9.0	16.8	17.5	15.4	22.0
$7,000 to $7,999.....	8.1	7.3	5.9	5.5	6.3	9.1	8.1	10.9	10.7
$8,000 to $9,999.....	13.8	13.8	14.0	14.8	13.2	13.5	13.4	13.9	14.0
$10,000 to $14,999.....	23.4	25.7	26.4	27.2	25.7	24.9	23.1	28.2	16.4
$15,000 to $24,999.....	13.9	16.9	20.8	17.8	23.7	12.1	11.8	12.5	4.9
$25,000 and over.....	1.9	2.4	3.1	2.6	3.8	1.4	1.6	0.9	0.7
Median income.....	$8,435	$9,188	$10,055	$9,569	$10,497	$8,275	$7,991	$8,628	$6,711
Unrelated individuals									
Number.....(thousands)..	263	210	135	99	37	75	57	18	53
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
Under $2,000.....	26.9	20.9	17.4	17.9	(B)	26.7	(B)	(B)	(B)
$2,000 to $2,999.....	16.5	15.0	14.6	14.2	(B)	16.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
$3,000 to $3,999.....	11.1	12.7	11.7	9.6	(B)	14.7	(B)	(B)	(B)
$4,000 to $4,999.....	10.7	11.1	13.1	12.6	(B)	8.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
$5,000 to $6,999.....	15.6	17.7	21.5	23.7	(B)	10.7	(B)	(B)	(B)
$7,000 to $7,999.....	5.7	7.1	5.6	7.7	(B)	9.3	(B)	(B)	(B)
$8,000 to $9,999.....	5.9	6.1	5.2	4.0	(B)	8.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
$10,000 to $14,999.....	7.1	8.5	9.6	9.5	(B)	6.7	(B)	(B)	(B)
$15,000 to $24,999.....	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	(B)
$25,000 and over.....	0.6	0.8	1.2	0.8	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	(B)
Median income.....	$3,474	$4,121	$4,477	$4,661	(B)	$3,381	(B)	(B)	(B)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 16. INCOME IN 1973 OF FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OF THE HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income and type of Spanish origin	Total	Years of school completed of the head									Median school years completed
		Elementary school			High school			College			
		Total	Less than 8 years	8 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
SPANISH ORIGIN											
Families with head 25 years old and over..... thousands	2,084	990	774	216	781	352	429	313	186	128	9.4
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	X
Under $2,000	3.5	5.1	5.8	3.0	2.6	3.9	1.6	0.8	0.5	1.3	B
$2,000 to $2,999	4.7	7.2	8.1	3.9	2.9	4.0	2.1	1.3	-	3.0	6.2
$3,000 to $3,999	6.1	8.3	8.9	6.2	3.[illegible]	6.9	3.3	2.0	1.7	2.3	7.4
$4,000 to $4,999	6.8	10.2	11.1	7.0	4.4	6.3	2.8	2.3	3.4	0.6	6.7
$5,000 to $6,999	14.0	18.5	18.9	16.[illegible]	12.3	14.9	10.1	4.4	5.9	2.2	8.0
$7,000 to $7,999	7.6	9.2	8.9	10.0	6.8	6.9	6.7	4.9	4.7	5.1	8.5
$8,000 to $9,999	12.0	12.2	11.8	13.7	11.7	11.0	12.3	11.8	13.3	9.7	9.2
$10,000 to $14,999	25.1	18.1	16.4	24.1	31.6	27.3	35.2	30.8	35.9	23.3	11.5
$15,000 to $24,999	16.9	9.3	9.0	10.0	20.2	17.1	22.7	33.0	31.4	35.3	12.3
$25,000 and over	3.2	1.9	1.1	4.7	2.5	1.6	3.3	9.0	3.3	17.1	B
Median income	$9,196	$7,071	$6,720	$8,360	$10,619	$9,163	$11,489	$13,661	$12,970	$15,667	X
MEXICAN ORIGIN											
Families with head 25 years old and over..... thousands	1,172	653	553	100	393	180	213	126	78	48	8.3
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B	X
Under $2,000	4.0	5.4	6.0	1.6	2.9	5.0	1.1	-	-	B	B
$2,000 to $2,999	5.5	7.9	8.3	5.5	3.1	3.9	2.3	1.3	-	B	B
$3,000 to $3,999	5.7	7.6	8.0	5.1	3.8	5.3	2.6	1.9	1.1	B	B
$4,000 to $4,999	6.3	9.2	10.1	4.0	2.6	2.2	2.9	2.5	4.1	B	B
$5,000 to $6,999	14.5	17.9	17.6	19.6	12.5	14.4	10.9	3.5	3.9	B	7.0
$7,000 to $7,999	8.0	10.0	10.2	8.9	5.9	8.3	3.7	4.4	2.9	B	6.7
$8,000 to $9,999	13.3	13.3	13.0	14.7	14.1	12.5	15.3	11.7	12.9	B	8.4
$10,000 to $14,999	25.1	17.7	16.8	22.1	34.3	31.9	36.3	35.5	39.4	B	10.7
$15,000 to $24,999	15.3	9.6	8.7	14.6	19.0	15.6	21.9	33.0	34.6	B	11.9
$25,000 and over	2.2	1.7	1.2	4.0	2.0	0.8	3.0	8.1	1.0	B	B
Median income	$8,885	$7,213	$6,995	$8,954	$10,640	$9,501	$11,421	$13,539	$13,392	B	X

-Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.
X Not applicable..

Table 17. INCOME IN 1973 OF FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN AND OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY NUMBER OF EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income and type of Spanish origin	Families						Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Families having specified number of earners					Total	Earners	Nonearners
		None	1	2	3	4 or more			
SPANISH ORIGIN									
Number..... thousands	2,365	268	857	948	198	94	526	394	132
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under $2,000.....	4.4	18.3	4.7	1.4	0.7	-	25.1	14.6	56.6
$2,000 to $2,999.....	4.8	21.3	4.3	1.3	1.1	-	15.6	11.3	27.4
$3,000 to $3,999.....	6.3	26.3	6.0	2.7	1.1	2.4	9.9	10.2	9.0
$4,000 to $4,999.....	7.3	11.1	10.1	4.4	2.4	0.8	9.7	12.1	2.5
$5,000 to $6,999.....	14.9	14.5	21.7	11.3	7.6	4.8	16.4	20.7	3.5
$7,000 to $7,999.....	7.8	1.5	9.9	9.3	3.1	2.3	6.7	9.0	- -
$8,000 to $9,999.....	12.3	1.8	14.1	12.8	14.9	14.4	6.6	8.7	0.6
$10,000 to $14,999.....	23.7	1.7	20.0	31.9	30.3	24.6	7.8	10.2	0.5
$15,000 to $24,999.....	15.6	-	7.3	22.3	32.5	33.2	1.7	2.3	-
$25,000 and over.....	2.8	0.6	1.6	2.5	6.1	17.4	0.5	0.6	-
Median income.....	$8,715	$3,363	$7,294	$10,935	$12,981	$15,199	$3,935	$5,129	$1,835
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
Number..... thousands	1,359	111	508	542	127	70	263	201	62
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	B)	100.0	100.0	B)
Under $2,000.....	5.0	23.1	6.0	2.0	1.1	B)	26.9	17.2	B)
$2,000 to $2,999.....	5.5	24.6	6.7	1.9	1.8	B)	16.5	13.1	B)
$3,000 to $3,999.....	5.9	20.6	6.3	4.0	0.6	B)	11.1	11.6	B)
$4,000 to $4,999.....	6.9	11.3	9.7	5.1	3.1	B)	10.7	13.1	B)
$5,000 to $6,999.....	15.3	11.4	21.2	13.8	9.5	B)	15.6	19.7	B)
$7,000 to $7,999.....	8.1	2.1	8.5	10.9	3.6	B)	5.7	7.4	B)
$8,000 to $9,999.....	13.8	3.4	15.8	12.4	19.0	B)	5.9	7.7	B)
$10,000 to $14,999.....	23.4	2.8	19.1	29.3	31.3	B)	7.1	9.3	B)
$15,000 to $24,999.....	13.9	-	6.1	18.8	26.7	B)	-	-	B)
$25,000 and over.....	1.9	0.7	0.7	1.8	3.2	B)	0.6	0.8	B)
Median income.....	$8,435	$3,080	$7,021	$9,980	$11,456	B)	$3,474	$4,619	B)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 18. PERCENT OF TOTAL AND SPANISH ORIGIN POPULATION 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Years of school completed, age, and sex	Total persons	Spanish origin		
		Total	Mexican	Other Spanish[1]
MALE				
Percent Completed less Than 5 Years of School				
Total, 25 years and over	4.9	19.2	27.3	8.3
25 to 29 years	1.4	8.4	13.3	1.8
30 to 34 years	1.6	11.9	18.8	3.8
35 to 44 years	2.6	15.9	22.2	6.7
45 to 54 years	4.0	23.3	33.9	9.9
55 to 64 years	6.1	30.3	38.8	19.8
65 years and over	13.4	45.3	63.2	(B)
Percent Completed 4 Years of High School or More				
Total, 25 years and over	61.6	38.2	30.6	48.3
25 to 29 years	83.1	55.1	49.2	63.5
30 to 34 years	78.7	48.7	42.1	56.4
35 to 44 years	70.4	39.2	32.0	49.6
45 to 54 years	62.2	32.2	23.0	42.9
55 to 64 years	48.3	19.0	10.2	29.7
65 years and over	31.2	14.8	5.6	(B)
Percent Completed 4 Years of College or More				
Total 25 years and over	16.9	7.1	4.8	10.2
FEMALE				
Percent Completed less Than 5 Years of School				
Total, 25 years and over	4.1	19.5	25.8	12.0
25 to 29 years	1.0	9.6	11.9	7.0
30 to 34 years	0.9	7.4	10.1	4.7
35 to 44 years	1.8	16.7	22.4	8.9
45 to 54 years	2.8	23.0	30.2	13.8
55 to 64 years	4.6	29.4	40.8	18.2
65 years and over	10.8	49.1	64.0	32.7
Percent Completed 4 Years of High School or More				
Total, 25 years and over	60.9	34.9	27.7	43.4
25 to 29 years	80.8	50.1	41.2	57.7
30 to 34 years	77.1	47.5	41.9	53.8
35 to 44 years	70.4	37.5	30.0	47.2
45 to 54 years	63.7	28.2	18.4	40.5
55 to 64 years	51.6	16.1	9.1	22.6
65 years and over	34.5	12.1	4.8	19.8
Percent Completed 4 Years of College or More				
Total, 25 years and over	10.1	4.0	1.5	6.9

B Base less than 75,000.
[1]Includes Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 19 YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY AGE, SEX, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Age, sex, and type of Spanish origin	Total (thousands)	Percent	Years of school completed							Median school years completed
			Elementary school			High school		College		
			0 to 4 years	5 to 7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
MALE										
Total Spanish origin, 14 years and over	3,282	100.0	13.4	16.5	11.9	22.9	20.9	9.4	5.0	10.0
14 to 19 years	702	100.0	1.0	19.4	21.7	46.3	9.7	1.9	-	9.5
20 to 24 years	459	100.0	6.1	8.7	5.4	22.2	35.5	19.2	2.8	12.2
25 years and over	2,121	100.0	19.2	17.3	9.9	15.3	21.4	9.8	7.1	9.7
25 to 34 years	742	100.0	10.5	13.6	8.0	16.3	28.0	15.8	8.4	12.0
25 to 29 years	401	100.0	8.4	13.5	6.7	16.2	29.4	18.7	7.0	12.1
30 to 34 years	341	100.0	11.9	14.1	9.1	16.1	26.4	12.3	10.0	11.7
35 to 44 years	562	100.0	15.9	19.4	8.4	16.9	21.4	10.1	7.5	10.0
45 to 64 years	649	100.0	25.7	19.3	12.5	14.9	16.9	4.8	5.9	8.3
65 years and over	167	100.0	45.3	18.0	14.4	7.8	8.4	1.8	4.8	5.7
Mexican origin, 14 years and over	1,967	100.0	18.3	19.2	10.9	22.2	19.1	7.0	3.4	9.2
14 to 19 years	461	100.0	0.7	21.7	21.9	44.7	9.3	1.5	-	9.3
20 to 24 years	292	100.0	7.9	11.3	5.8	21.6	36.0	14.7	2.4	12.0
25 years and over	1,215	100.0	27.3	20.2	8.0	13.7	18.7	7.2	4.8	8.3
25 to 34 years	419	100.0	15.8	16.2	6.9	14.8	25.8	12.9	7.4	11.2
25 to 29 years	234	100.0	13.3	17.9	6.0	13.7	26.9	14.1	8.1	11.8
30 to 34 years	185	100.0	18.8	14.6	8.1	16.2	24.3	11.4	6.5	10.5
35 to 44 years	338	100.0	22.2	23.1	7.4	15.4	19.2	7.1	5.6	8.6
45 to 64 years	359	100.0	35.7	22.0	9.7	13.6	13.6	2.5	2.2	6.9
65 years and over	100	100.0	63.2	20.0	8.0	4.0	5.0	-	1.0	3.0
Puerto Rican origin, 14 years and over	425	100.0	10.8	15.3	16.2	28.7	17.6	7.3	4.0	9.7
14 to 19 years	79	100.0	3.8	17.7	22.8	49.4	3.8	2.5	-	9.4
20 to 24 years	68	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
25 years and over	278	100.0	14.7	16.2	16.5	21.9	18.0	6.5	6.1	9.2
25 to 34 years	124	100.0	5.6	12.1	14.5	27.4	23.4	8.1	7.3	10.8
25 to 29 years	57	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
30 to 34 years	67	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
35 to 44 years	64	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
45 to 64 years	82	100.0	25.6	23.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	2.4	1.2	8.1
65 years and over	8	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Other Spanish origin, 14 years and over[1]	889	100.0	4.2	11.1	11.8	21.6	26.4	15.6	9.1	12.0
14 to 19 years	163	100.0	1.2	14.1	20.2	48.5	13.5	2.5	-	9.9
20 to 24 years	99	100.0	2.0	1.0	4.0	16.2	36.4	33.3	6.1	12.7
25 years and over	627	100.0	5.3	12.0	10.8	15.5	28.2	16.3	12.0	12.2
25 to 34 years	199	100.0	0.5	9.0	5.5	12.1	35.2	26.6	11.1	12.6
25 to 29 years	110	100.0	-	5.5	5.5	12.7	36.4	34.5	5.5	12.7
30 to 34 years	89	100.0	1.1	13.5	5.6	11.2	33.7	16.9	18.0	12.5
35 to 44 years	160	100.0	2.5	14.4	9.4	16.9	28.8	17.5	10.6	12.2
45 to 64 years	209	100.0	9.1	12.9	12.4	17.7	24.4	9.1	13.9	11.5
65 years and over	59	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
FEMALE										
Total Spanish origin, 14 years and over	3,575	100.0	13.7	18.0	12.0	22.8	23.5	6.9	3.1	9.8
14 to 19 years	730	100.0	0.7	17.5	21.4	45.8	12.7	1.9	-	9.6
20 to 24 years	475	100.0	4.6	12.8	6.5	20.6	36.2	15.6	3.8	12.1
25 years and over	2,370	100.0	19.5	19.2	10.2	16.2	24.2	6.7	4.0	9.1
25 to 34 years	799	100.0	8.8	14.9	8.1	19.3	34.2	10.3	4.5	11.8
25 to 29 years	453	100.0	9.6	13.9	6.6	19.4	34.4	11.0	4.6	12.0
30 to 34 years	347	100.0	7.4	16.1	10.1	18.7	33.7	9.2	4.6	11.6
35 to 44 years	636	100.0	16.7	18.2	10.5	17.3	25.3	6.9	5.2	9.8
45 to 64 years	722	100.0	25.5	23.3	13.3	14.5	17.2	3.7	2.6	8.1
65 years and over	213	100.0	49.1	25.4	6.6	7.0	7.5	1.9	2.8	5.1
Mexican origin, 14 years and over	2,022	100.0	17.7	20.5	11.9	22.2	21.2	5.2	1.4	8.9
14 to 19 years	441	100.0	0.9	19.0	22.0	44.7	12.0	1.4	-	9.5
20 to 24 years	286	100.0	6.6	16.8	6.6	18.9	34.6	12.9	3.1	12.0
25 years and over	1,295	100.0	25.8	21.7	9.7	15.1	21.4	4.8	1.5	8.2
25 to 34 years	427	100.0	11.0	18.5	8.2	18.7	32.3	8.2	2.8	10.9
25 to 29 years	252	100.0	11.9	18.3	5.6	19.8	30.6	9.9	3.6	11.1
30 to 34 years	176	100.0	10.1	18.8	11.9	17.0	34.7	5.7	1.1	10.5
35 to 44 years	365	100.0	22.4	19.7	10.4	17.5	23.6	5.2	1.4	8.7
45 to 64 years	390	100.0	33.8	26.7	11.5	12.8	12.6	2.1	0.5	6.8
65 years and over	112	100.0	64.0	23.2	5.4	2.7	2.7	0.9	1.8	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY AGE, SEX, AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974—Continued

Age, sex, and type of Spanish origin	Total (thousands)	Percent	Years of school completed							Median school years completed
			Elementary school			High school		College		
			0 to 4 years	5 to 7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
FEMALE --Continued										
Puerto Rican origin, 14 years and over	526	100.0	13.7	16.9	14.8	26.8	19.6	5.3	2.7	9.5
14 to 19 years	104	100.0	-	23.1	21.2	44.2	10.6	1.0	-	9.3
20 to 24 years	72	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
25 years and over	350	100.0	19.7	16.3	14.3	20.6	20.3	5.7	3.1	8.9
25 to 34 years	149	100.0	10.1	12.1	10.7	27.5	28.2	8.7	3.4	10.9
25 to 29 years	93	100.0	9.7	10.8	12.9	26.9	30.1	9.7	1.1	10.9
30 to 34 years	56	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
35 to 44 years	92	100.0	18.5	23.9	12.0	18.5	18.5	2.2	6.5	8.6
45 to 64 years	93	100.0	29.0	16.1	23.7	14.0	11.8	5.4	-	8.1
65 years and over	16	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Other Spanish origin, 14 years and over[1]	1,027	100.0	5.9	13.8	10.7	21.9	29.9	10.9	6.7	11.6
14 to 19 years	185	100.0	1.1	10.3	19.5	49.2	16.2	3.8	-	10.1
20 to 24 years	117	100.0	-	4.3	6.0	17.1	43.6	24.8	5.1	12.5
25 years and over	725	100.0	8.3	16.1	9.2	15.7	31.3	10.5	8.7	12.0
25 to 34 years	222	100.0	3.2	10.4	6.3	14.4	41.9	15.3	9.0	12.3
25 to 29 years	107	100.0	4.7	7.5	3.7	12.1	47.7	15.9	9.3	12.4
30 to 34 years	115	100.0	1.7	13.0	8.7	16.5	36.5	14.8	7.8	12.2
35 to 44 years	179	100.0	3.9	12.3	10.1	15.6	32.4	13.4	12.3	12.2
45 to 64 years	239	100.0	10.0	20.1	12.1	17.6	26.8	6.3	7.1	10.3
65 years and over	85	100.0	27.1	28.2	8.2	12.9	14.1	3.5	4.7	7.4

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.
[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 20. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY SEX AND NUMBER OF SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income, type of Spanish origin, and sex	Total	Years of school completed									Median school years completed
		Elementary school			High school			College			
		Total	Less than 8 years	8 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
SPANISH ORIGIN											
Male											
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	2,121	984	773	211	778	325	453	358	208	151	9.7
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	2,091	968	759	209	770	321	450	353	206	147	9.7
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
$1 to $999 or loss	2.4	3.3	3.7	1.6	2.1	3.3	1.2	0.8	1.5	-	(B)
$1,000 to $1,999	4.8	7.7	8.7	4.0	2.5	3.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	6.1
$2,000 to $2,999	5.9	8.6	9.7	4.3	3.5	4.3	3.0	3.9	4.4	3.2	6.7
$3,000 to $3,999	6.3	9.3	9.0	10.5	3.3	4.0	2.8	4.7	3.2	6.8	7.8
$4,000 to $4,999	8.2	11.9	13.1	7.5	6.0	7.7	4.8	3.2	3.9	2.2	7.1
$5,000 to $6,999	19.2	23.8	23.7	24.3	17.8	19.1	16.8	9.5	12.5	5.5	8.4
$7,000 to $7,999	9.3	10.0	8.8	14.3	9.4	10.2	8.8	7.5	8.0	6.8	9.1
$8,000 to $9,999	14.7	11.4	10.5	14.5	18.3	16.0	19.9	15.7	16.9	14.0	11.5
$10,000 to $14,999	21.8	11.6	11.1	13.5	29.7	25.2	32.8	32.5	37.4	25.6	12.2
$15,000 to $24,999	6.1	2.3	1.6	4.8	7.0	6.3	7.5	14.9	9.4	22.6	12.7
$25,000 and over	1.2	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5	5.5	1.1	11.7	(B)
Median income of persons with income	$7,338	$5,793	$5,490	$6,826	$8,591	$7,783	$9,085	$10,454	$9,760	$11,939	(X)
Female											
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	2,370	1,161	919	242	957	383	574	252	158	94	9.1
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	1,518	714	570	144	623	232	391	181	114	67	9.6
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(X)
$1 to $999 or loss	13.8	14.5	14.8	13.2	14.5	14.6	14.6	8.6	10.3	(B)	9.2
$1,000 to $1,999	18.5	25.7	27.4	18.5	12.7	17.5	9.9	10.7	13.4	(B)	7.2
$2,000 to $2,999	16.3	21.2	22.1	17.4	12.7	13.1	12.3	9.5	8.8	(B)	7.8
$3,000 to $3,999	13.4	14.4	14.0	15.9	13.9	16.1	12.6	8.2	10.4	(B)	9.3
$4,000 to $4,999	11.3	12.5	10.7	19.6	11.1	12.3	10.4	7.4	8.7	(B)	8.9
$5,000 to $6,999	14.4	8.9	8.6	10.2	18.8	15.9	20.4	21.1	22.6	(B)	12.1
$7,000 to $7,999	4.0	1.5	1.3	2.3	5.8	4.4	6.6	7.4	5.6	(B)	(B)
$8,000 to $9,999	4.8	0.9	0.6	2.2	7.1	4.0	9.0	12.0	12.5	(B)	(B)
$10,000 to $14,999	2.7	0.4	0.4	0.6	3.0	1.8	3.8	10.5	5.7	(B)	(B)
$15,000 to $24,999	0.6	0.1	0.1	-	0.3	-	0.4	4.0	1.3	(B)	(B)
$25,000 and over	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	-	0.4	0.7	(B)	(B)
Median income of persons with income	$3,101	$2,445	$2,338	$3,057	$3,724	$3,300	$4,057	$5,659	$4,814	(B)	(X)
MEXICAN ORIGIN											
Male											
Number of persons ....(thousands)..	1,215	675	577	97	394	167	227	147	88	59	8.3
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	1,202	665	569	97	391	166	225	146	88	58	8.3
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(X)
$1 to $999 or loss	2.7	3.4	3.9	-	2.5	3.9	1.6	-	-	(B)	(B)
$1,000 to $1,999	5.1	7.7	8.7	1.6	1.8	3.2	0.8	1.8	2.9	(B)	(B)
$2,000 to $2,999	6.8	10.0	10.7	6.0	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.0	2.1	(B)	5.4
$3,000 to $3,999	6.6	8.9	9.1	8.1	3.6	4.5	2.9	4.5	3.9	(B)	6.4
$4,000 to $4,999	9.3	13.1	14.0	8.0	4.4	4.6	4.3	5.0	6.3	(B)	5.9
$5,000 to $6,999	17.9	22.2	22.1	22.8	14.0	14.7	13.5	8.2	8.4	(B)	6.8
$7,000 to $7,999	8.6	9.0	8.0	14.6	9.5	10.6	8.7	4.3	3.6	(B)	8.4
$8,000 to $9,999	15.6	11.8	10.9	17.1	21.5	20.3	22.4	17.2	16.3	(B)	10.4
$10,000 to $14,999	21.8	11.5	10.9	14.8	33.6	28.4	37.4	37.3	43.6	(B)	12.1
$15,000 to $24,999	4.9	2.3	1.5	7.2	5.8	7.1	4.9	14.0	11.8	(B)	(B)
$25,000 and over	0.7	0.1	0.1	-	0.2	-	0.4	4.8	0.9	(B)	(B)
Median income of persons with income	$7,185	$5,599	$5,314	$7,253	$9,033	$8,564	$9,346	$10,810	$10,728	(B)	(X)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY SEX AND NUMBER OF SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974—Continued

Income, type of Spanish origin, and sex	Total	Years of school completed									Median school years completed
		Elementary school			High school			College			
		Total	Less than 8 years	8 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
MEXICAN ORIGIN--Continued											
Female											
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	1,295	740	615	125	473	196	277	82	62	20	8.2
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	798	438	368	70	300	107	193	61	46	14	8.4
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)
$1 to $999 or loss.....	17.7	18.5	18.4	(B)	16.9	19.6	15.4	(B)	(B)	(B)	8.2
$1,000 to $1,999.....	20.8	26.9	29.1	(B)	14.8	22.6	10.4	(B)	(B)	(B)	6.2
$2,000 to $2,999.....	18.8	22.9	23.0	(B)	14.2	11.5	15.6	(B)	(B)	(B)	7.1
$3,000 to $3,999.....	12.9	13.0	13.0	(B)	13.2	14.6	12.4	(B)	(B)	(B)	8.4
$4,000 to $4,999.....	9.5	10.2	8.7	(B)	8.7	9.2	8.3	(B)	(B)	(B)	8.5
$5,000 to $6,999.....	12.0	5.8	5.3	(B)	18.0	12.4	21.1	(B)	(B)	(B)	12.2
$7,000 to $7,999.....	3.0	2.2	1.3	(B)	5.1	3.5	6.0	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$8,000 to $9,999.....	3.1	1.1	0.5	(B)	5.3	3.6	6.2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$10,000 to $14,999.....	2.0	0.4	0.4	(B)	3.7	2.3	4.5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$15,000 to $24,999.....	0.2	0.2	0.2	(B)	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$25,000 and over.....	0.1	-	-	(B)	0.3	0.7	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Median income of persons with income.....	$2,548	$2,173	$2,094	(B)	$3,318	$2,634	$3,687	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.
X Not applicable.

Table 21. EMPLOYED MALES OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 25 TO 64 YEARS OLD BY INCOME IN 1973, BROAD OCCUPATION GROUP, AND NUMBER OF SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Occupation, income, and type of Spanish origin	Total population (thousands)	Percent distribution by years of school completed								Median school years completed
		Total	Elementary school			High school		College		
			0 to 4 years	5 to 7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
SPANISH ORIGIN										
Total employed	1,671	100.0	16.1	16.9	9.3	15.9	23.6	10.6	7.6	10.5
Under $3,000	113	100.0	29.4	28.2	3.6	17.4	11.7	6.5	3.2	7.2
$3,000 to $5,999	351	100.0	32.8	20.9	11.0	13.3	15.5	4.0	2.5	7.5
$6,000 to $9,999	644	100.0	13.4	19.6	12.0	16.6	24.0	9.6	4.8	9.9
$10,000 to $14,999	423	100.0	7.3	10.1	5.9	17.6	33.1	17.3	8.7	12.3
$15,000 and over	141	100.0	3.2	5.7	7.5	12.7	22.4	15.0	33.4	12.9
White-collar workers	414	100.0	4.8	4.0	5.9	8.9	27.1	22.3	27.1	13.0
Under $6,000	68	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$6,000 and over	346	100.0	3.2	3.2	5.5	7.2	27.7	23.7	29.2	13.4
Blue-collar workers	955	100.0	16.7	20.9	10.5	19.3	24.2	7.3	1.2	9.3
Under $6,000	244	100.0	31.1	25.0	7.8	15.6	17.6	2.9	0.4	7.3
$6,000 and over	711	100.0	11.5	19.4	11.4	20.5	26.4	8.9	1.4	10.1
Service workers	180	100.0	14.8	17.8	11.2	21.3	24.0	8.6	2.3	9.9
Under $6,000	70	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$6,000 and over	110	100.0	8.2	15.5	9.1	22.7	33.6	10.0	3.6	11.3
Farm workers	122	100.0	52.3	27.7	8.7	4.9	6.3	-	-	4.8
Under $6,000	82	100.0	53.7	26.8	8.5	6.1	3.7	-	-	4.7
$6,000 and over	41	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEXICAN ORIGIN										
Total employed	971	100.0	23.4	20.2	8.2	14.2	20.3	8.0	5.6	8.8
Under $3,000	80	100.0	38.7	34.2	1.9	10.6	9.4	2.2	1.1	6.0
$3,000 to $5,999	224	100.0	43.5	23.3	9.4	6.7	12.5	2.2	2.4	5.8
$6,000 to $9,999	362	100.0	19.5	22.9	10.5	17.2	19.6	6.4	3.9	8.7
$10,000 to $14,999	246	100.0	10.4	11.9	5.6	17.6	32.7	15.3	6.5	12.1
$15,000 and over	63	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
White-collar workers	186	100.0	9.3	4.1	6.6	9.4	27.7	17.8	25.0	12.7
Under $6,000	35	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$6,000 and over	151	100.0	6.0	4.0	5.3	9.3	28.5	21.2	26.5	12.9
Blue-collar workers	597	100.0	21.7	23.8	9.2	16.7	20.9	6.6	0.9	8.5
Under $6,000	161	100.0	39.1	29.8	6.8	8.1	13.7	2.5	0.6	6.1
$6,000 and over	436	100.0	15.1	21.8	10.1	20.2	23.9	8.0	1.1	9.4
Service workers	77	100.0	24.2	18.9	3.8	20.8	22.4	7.5	2.3	9.4
Under $6,000	31	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
$6,000 and over	47	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Farm workers	113	100.0	55.2	28.6	8.7	4.0	3.5	-	-	4.5
Under $6,000	77	100.0	57.1	27.3	7.8	5.2	2.6	-	-	4.4
$6,000 and over	37	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 22. EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP OF THE TOTAL AND SPANISH ORIGIN POPULATION 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY SEX AND TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Employment status and occupation	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	Total population	Spanish origin				Total population	Spanish origin				Total population	Spanish origin			
		Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Other[1]		Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Other[1]		Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Other[1]
Persons 16 years old and over.....(thousands)..	148,875	6,344	3,678	877	1,789	70,767	3,019	1,801	394	824	78,108	3,325	1,877	483	965
In civilian labor force.....(thousands)..	89,633	3,808	2,203	459	1,146	54,312	2,408	1,446	296	666	35,321	1,400	757	163	480
Percent unemployed.....	5.3	8.1	8.0	9.0	8.1	4.8	7.2	7.0	8.6	6.8	6.0	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.9
Employed.....(thousands)..	84,878	3,498	2,027	417	1,054	51,678	2,236	1,344	271	621	33,200	1,262	683	147	433
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and kindred workers...	14.7	6.5	5.0	5.8	9.6	14.1	6.7	5.2	4.4	11.0	15.5	6.0	4.5	8.8	7.6
Managers and administrators, except farm.....	10.5	5.7	4.3	7.9	7.5	14.1	7.3	5.7	9.6	9.8	4.9	2.9	1.6	4.8	4.2
Sales workers.....	6.4	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.8	6.1	3.0	2.7	4.1	3.4	6.7	4.0	4.0	2.0	4.4
Clerical and kindred workers.....	17.6	14.7	12.6	18.5	17.2	6.6	7.0	5.0	13.7	8.4	34.9	28.3	27.5	26.5	29.8
Craft and kindred workers.....	13.4	12.1	13.3	8.6	11.0	20.9	17.6	19.2	10.7	17.4	1.7	2.1	1.6	4.8	2.1
Operatives, including transport.....	16.0	28.2	27.7	33.8	26.8	17.9	27.0	26.9	31.4	25.3	12.9	30.2	29.3	38.1	28.9
Laborers, excluding farm.....	4.8	7.7	9.8	5.5	4.6	7.3	11.4	14.2	7.7	7.1	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2
Farmers and farm managers.....	1.9	0.2	0.3	-	0.2	3.0	0.4	0.4	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	-
Farm laborers and supervisors.....	1.5	5.7	9.0	1.4	0.9	1.8	7.4	11.5	1.1	1.4	1.0	2.6	4.2	2.0	0.2
Service workers.....	13.3	15.9	14.9	14.9	18.2	8.2	12.0	9.3	16.6	15.8	21.2	22.9	26.1	10.9	21.7

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

0047

Table 23. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN 1973 OF CIVILIANS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER WITH EARNINGS, BY OCCUPATION OF LONGEST JOB IN 1973, CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB IN 1973, AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Occupation and class of worker	Male		Female	
	Spanish origin	Mexican origin	Spanish origin	Mexican origin
Total with earnings	$6,446	$6,001	$2,815	$2,318
OCCUPATION				
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	9,732	(B)	5,745	(B)
Self-employed	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Salaried	9,876	(B)	5,800	(B)
Managers and administrators, except farm	10,536	10,224	(B)	(B)
Self-employed	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Salaried	11,247	(B)	(B)	(B)
Sales workers	6,664	(B)	1,215	(B)
Clerical and kindred workers	6,928	(B)	3,802	3,239
Craft and kindred workers	8,387	8,306	(B)	(B)
Operatives, including transport	6,439	6,283	3,484	3,052
Manufacturing	6,801	6,793	3,636	3,306
Other	5,865	5,572	2,576	(B)
Laborers, excluding farm	4,924	4,778	(B)	(B)
Farmers and farm managers	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Farm laborers and supervisors	3,628	3,700	768	766
Service workers, except private household	5,042	4,413	2,050	1,834
Private household workers	(B)	(B)	815	(B)
CLASS OF WORKER				
Private wage or salary workers	6,352	5,842	2,760	2,254
In agriculture	3,650	3,728	778	775
Not in agriculture	6,739	6,469	3,002	2,462
Government wage or salary workers	7,719	7,797	3,370	3,134
Public administration	8,743	9,019	(B)	(B)
Other government workers	6,696	6,526	3,047	3,000
Self-employed workers	5,745	(B)	(B)	(B)
In nonagricultural industries	6,008	(B)	(B)	(B)
Unpaid family workers	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

B Base less than 75,000.

Table 24. INCOME IN 1973 OF ALL PERSONS AND OF PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income	Total population		Spanish origin							
			Total		Mexican		Puerto Rican		Other[1]	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total persons 14 years and over (thousands)	75,040	82,244	3,282	3,575	1,967	2,022	425	526	889	1,027
Persons with income (thousands)	69,387	57,029	2,867	2,154	1,723	1,177	364	295	780	681
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss	8.4	21.0	9.3	21.0	11.0	25.4	8.2	10.5	6.3	17.9
$1,000 to $1,999	6.4	17.7	7.2	18.0	7.5	19.0	6.6	13.2	6.8	18.4
$2,000 to $2,999	6.6	13.4	7.3	15.9	7.9	17.7	6.0	15.6	6.4	13.1
$3,000 to $3,999	5.6	10.1	6.7	12.4	7.5	11.5	5.5	18.3	5.4	10.3
$4,000 to $4,999	5.8	8.4	8.3	10.3	9.0	9.1	9.3	13.6	6.3	11.2
$5,000 to $6,999	11.2	12.8	18.7	12.9	17.4	10.6	23.6	18.3	19.2	14.5
$7,000 to $7,999	5.5	4.5	8.0	3.3	6.8	2.8	11.8	3.1	8.7	4.4
$8,000 to $9,999	11.1	5.8	12.3	3.8	12.8	2.2	10.2	4.7	12.1	6.2
$10,000 to $14,999	22.3	4.8	16.8	2.1	16.0	1.5	13.5	2.7	20.0	2.9
$15,000 to $24,999	12.9	1.1	4.5	0.4	3.5	0.1	4.4	0.3	6.8	1.0
$25,000 and over	4.0	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.8	-	1.9	0.1
Median income of persons with income	$8,056	$2,796	$6,200	$2,652	$5,789	$2,270	$6,197	$3,593	$6,949	$3,067

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Table 25. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RESIDENCE AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income, sex, and type of Spanish origin	United States	In metropolitan areas							Outside metropolitan areas
		Total	1,000,000 or more			Under 1,000,000			
			Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	
SPANISH ORIGIN									
Male									
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	3,282	2,706	1,824	1,109	716	882	540	342	576
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	2,867	2,358	1,584	949	635	774	468	306	509
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	9.3	8.0	7.6	6.6	9.2	8.9	8.3	9.5	15.6
$1,000 to $1,999.....	7.2	6.9	5.5	5.6	5.2	10.1	10.9	9.0	8.1
$2,000 to $2,999.....	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.2	7.1	7.8	5.9	8.4
$3,000 to $3,999.....	6.7	6.3	5.9	6.6	4.8	7.3	8.2	5.9	8.3
$4,000 to $4,999.....	8.3	7.5	7.5	7.8	6.9	7.3	8.0	6.3	12.3
$5,000 to $6,999.....	18.7	18.8	18.5	22.0	13.3	19.4	18.0	21.6	18.3
$7,000 to $7,999.....	8.0	8.2	8.9	10.4	6.6	6.9	6.2	7.8	6.8
$8,000 to $9,999.....	12.3	12.7	12.9	12.2	13.9	12.3	12.3	12.5	10.3
$10,000 to $14,999.....	16.8	18.4	19.1	16.5	23.0	16.9	15.7	18.6	9.4
$15,000 to $24,999.....	4.5	5.0	6.0	4.6	8.1	3.0	3.5	2.3	2.3
$25,000 and over.....	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.8	1.6	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.2
Median income of persons with income...	$6,200	$6,517	$6,796	$6,538	$7,487	$5,915	$5,766	$6,105	$4,755
Female									
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	3,575	2,966	1,967	1,186	781	999	637	362	608
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	2,154	1,795	1,190	703	487	605	394	211	358
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	21.0	19.2	15.6	13.3	19.0	26.1	24.7	28.6	30.4
$1,000 to $1,999.....	18.0	17.1	15.6	15.9	15.2	19.9	20.1	19.7	22.5
$2,000 to $2,999.....	15.9	15.6	15.1	14.6	15.8	16.6	19.5	11.0	17.4
$3,000 to $3,999.....	12.1	12.3	12.1	14.1	9.2	12.6	11.9	13.8	11.0
$4,000 to $4,999.....	10.3	11.5	12.2	13.5	10.4	10.0	9.2	11.6	4.6
$5,000 to $6,999.....	12.9	13.8	16.3	17.6	14.3	8.9	8.6	9.4	8.6
$7,000 to $7,999.....	3.3	3.4	4.0	3.6	4.5	2.4	1.8	3.4	2.7
$8,000 to $9,999.....	3.8	4.2	5.3	4.4	6.7	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.9
$10,000 to $14,999.....	2.1	2.5	3.0	2.2	4.2	1.3	2.0	-	0.6
$15,000 to $24,999.....	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2
$25,000 and over.....	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	-
Median income of persons with income...	$2,652	$2,863	$3,265	$3,426	$2,998	$2,188	$2,216	$2,107	$1,851
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
Male									
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	1,967	1,491	852	434	418	639	400	239	477
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	1,723	1,309	746	374	371	563	349	214	415
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	11.0	9.0	8.6	6.6	10.6	9.7	9.7	9.7	17.1
$1,000 to $1,999.....	7.5	7.1	5.0	4.9	5.2	9.7	10.5	8.3	9.0
$2,000 to $2,999.....	7.9	7.5	7.6	7.0	8.3	7.5	7.8	6.9	8.9
$3,000 to $3,999.....	7.5	7.4	6.7	7.5	6.1	8.2	8.4	7.7	8.0
$4,000 to $4,999.....	9.0	8.1	8.4	9.8	6.9	7.7	7.9	7.4	11.8
$5,000 to $6,999.....	17.4	16.7	14.5	17.9	11.0	19.7	17.5	23.3	19.6
$7,000 to $7,999.....	6.8	6.9	7.5	9.0	5.9	6.1	5.1	7.9	6.5
$8,000 to $9,999.....	12.8	13.6	14.3	13.8	14.9	12.5	14.1	10.0	10.6
$10,000 to $14,999.....	16.0	18.6	20.7	18.5	22.9	15.8	15.4	16.5	7.8
$15,000 to $24,999.....	3.5	4.4	5.7	4.4	6.9	2.7	3.1	2.1	0.7
$25,000 and over.....	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.3	0.4	-	-
Median income of persons with income...	$5,789	$6,272	$6,882	$6,612	$7,294	$5,663	$5,636	$5,691	$4,591

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RESIDENCE AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974—Continued

Income, sex, and type of Spanish origin	United States	In metropolitan areas						Outside metropolitan areas
		Total	1,000,000 or more			Under 1,000,000		
			Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	Total	In central cities	Outside central cities	
MEXICAN ORIGIN--Continued									
Female									
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	2,022	1,540	809	398	411	730	490	240	482
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	1,177	893	469	229	240	424	289	135	284
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	25.4	24.0	21.3	18.9	23.6	27.0	24.3	32.7	29.8
$1,000 to $1,999.....	19.0	18.1	14.7	13.2	16.3	21.8	21.1	23.4	21.9
$2,000 to $2,999.....	17.7	17.0	15.7	18.2	13.4	18.4	22.0	10.8	19.6
$3,000 to $3,999.....	11.5	11.1	11.0	13.1	8.8	11.4	10.6	13.1	12.6
$4,000 to $4,999.....	9.1	10.4	11.6	13.0	10.3	8.9	8.7	9.5	5.0
$5,000 to $6,999.....	10.6	11.7	15.0	14.8	15.1	8.1	8.1	8.2	7.5
$7,000 to $7,999.....	2.8	3.0	4.1	3.3	4.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.9
$8,000 to $9,999.....	2.2	2.6	4.0	3.2	4.8	0.9	1.1	0.6	1.1
$10,000 to $14,999.....	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.0	3.0	1.4	2.0	-	0.3
$15,000 to $24,999.....	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	0.2	0.3	-	0.3
$25,000 and over.....	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
Median income of persons with income...	$2,270	$2,388	$2,876	$2,976	$2,790	$2,049	$2,162	$1,747	$1,897

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

Table 26. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Age, sex, and type of Spanish origin	Number of persons (thousands)	Number of persons with income (thousands)	Percent	$1 to $999 or loss	$1,000 to $1,999	$2,000 to $2,999	$3,000 to $3,999	$4,000 to $4,999	$5,000 to $6,999	$7,000 to $7,999	$8,000 to $9,999	$10,000 to $14,999	$15,000 to $24,999	$25,000 and over	Median income of persons with income
SPANISH ORIGIN															
Male, 14 years and over	3,282	2,867	100.0	9.3	7.2	7.3	6.7	8.3	18.7	8.0	12.3	16.8	4.5	0.9	$6,200
14 to 19 years	702	347	100.0	53.4	16.8	10.5	6.4	3.4	7.3	0.8	1.2	0.2	-	-	904
20 to 24 years	459	430	100.0	7.8	11.1	11.4	9.0	12.4	25.6	7.0	9.6	5.8	0.4	-	4,859
25 to 34 years	742	733	100.0	2.8	3.3	4.1	4.5	8.7	20.3	10.3	15.6	24.0	5.5	0.6	7,583
35 to 44 years	562	557	100.0	1.4	1.9	2.6	6.7	5.9	19.9	8.8	15.5	26.7	8.7	1.8	8,347
45 to 54 years	422	418	100.0	2.2	2.7	4.9	4.6	9.9	19.2	10.9	15.1	22.5	6.2	1.8	7,600
55 to 64 years	228	223	100.0	2.8	7.1	9.6	5.5	8.8	18.6	10.2	16.9	14.4	4.5	1.4	6,678
65 years and over	167	159	100.0	3.8	24.3	21.9	18.9	9.2	12.2	1.4	2.9	2.8	2.3	0.5	3,006
Female, 14 years and over	3,575	2,154	100.0	21.0	18.0	15.9	12.1	10.3	12.9	3.3	3.8	2.1	0.4	0.1	2,652
14 to 19 years	750	307	100.0	58.4	17.9	11.4	4.0	4.2	2.3	0.2	-	0.2	-	-	715
20 to 24 years	475	328	100.0	18.3	15.4	18.3	13.2	11.5	15.8	3.2	3.0	1.3	-	-	2,873
25 to 34 years	799	524	100.0	16.4	12.4	14.2	14.1	10.0	17.9	5.6	5.7	3.2	0.4	0.3	3,496
35 to 44 years	636	385	100.0	12.9	10.7	13.4	15.3	14.4	17.3	4.9	7.2	2.7	1.1	-	3,846
45 to 54 years	447	258	100.0	9.4	18.6	16.4	14.8	14.8	15.3	2.5	3.8	3.6	0.9	-	3,378
55 to 64 years	275	179	100.0	13.2	24.9	19.3	12.8	13.5	8.6	3.0	3.0	1.8	-	-	2,362
65 years and over	213	171	100.0	15.4	48.3	25.7	5.8	1.3	2.2	-	-	0.9	0.5	-	1,693
MEXICAN ORIGIN															
Male, 14 years and over	1,967	1,723	100.0	11.0	7.5	7.9	7.5	9.0	17.4	6.8	12.8	16.0	3.5	0.5	5,789
14 to 19 years	461	242	100.0	56.1	15.5	9.1	7.6	3.7	7.5	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	845
20 to 24 years	292	279	100.0	7.6	11.1	11.4	11.4	12.3	24.3	4.7	11.9	5.0	0.6	-	4,703
25 to 34 years	419	414	100.0	3.8	3.5	4.3	5.0	10.2	18.7	8.8	17.2	24.3	4.0	0.2	7,524
35 to 44 years	338	335	100.0	0.9	2.3	3.8	6.0	6.0	16.3	9.9	18.1	27.0	8.1	1.6	8,535
45 to 54 years	231	231	100.0	2.6	1.3	5.3	4.9	12.5	21.1	8.5	16.1	22.5	4.1	1.0	7,265
55 to 64 years	127	125	100.0	3.8	8.2	12.3	6.8	10.7	17.3	10.5	13.3	13.2	3.8	-	5,761
65 years and over	100	97	100.0	2.8	26.3	25.7	19.9	7.7	12.1	0.8	1.6	2.1	0.7	-	2,835
Female, 14 years and over	2,022	1,177	100.0	25.4	19.0	17.7	11.5	9.1	10.6	2.8	2.2	1.5	0.1	0.1	2,270
14 to 19 years	441	188	100.0	65.6	14.8	10.2	3.1	4.0	1.6	0.4	-	0.4	-	-	520
20 to 24 years	286	191	100.0	18.3	15.7	20.2	13.8	12.2	14.0	4.1	0.8	0.9	-	-	2,745
25 to 34 years	427	272	100.0	19.9	13.6	17.8	12.7	8.9	16.4	4.7	2.9	2.6	-	0.3	2,911
35 to 44 years	365	213	100.0	17.8	15.1	14.4	16.4	12.6	13.8	3.3	5.2	1.1	0.4	-	3,167
45 to 54 years	252	141	100.0	12.7	23.4	21.3	15.6	9.1	10.7	1.7	2.8	2.7	-	-	2,576
55 to 64 years	138	83	100.0	17.5	27.4	20.9	10.5	13.3	5.6	1.9	1.9	1.1	-	-	2,199
65 years and over	112	89	100.0	18.7	46.0	26.1	3.3	0.8	2.5	-	-	1.8	0.9	-	1,653

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

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Table 27. INCOME IN 1973 OF PERSONS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

Income and type of Spanish origin	Male						Female				
	In families					Unrelated individuals	In families				Unrelated individuals
	Total	Head			Relative of head		Total	Head	Wife of head	Other relative of head	
		Total	Married wife present	Other marital status							
SPANISH ORIGIN											
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	2,970	1,954	1,876	78	1,016	312	3,361	411	1,945	1,005	214
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	2,562	1,931	1,853	78	631	305	1,952	388	1,018	545	202
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	9.8	1.8	1.4	12.7	34.2	5.9	22.3	6.2	20.1	38.1	7.9
$1,000 to $1,999.....	6.9	3.7	3.3	11.9	16.9	9.4	17.2	16.2	15.4	21.3	25.2
$2,000 to $2,999.....	7.0	5.4	5.0	17.2	11.6	10.3	14.9	19.5	13.8	14.0	24.8
$3,000 to $3,999.....	6.2	5.9	5.7	10.2	6.9	11.5	12.4	19.1	12.2	8.2	8.4
$4,000 to $4,999.....	8.0	8.5	8.8	3.0	6.4	10.7	10.5	12.6	11.5	7.1	9.0
$5,000 to $6,999.....	18.4	20.3	20.8	10.8	12.6	21.1	13.1	16.7	14.8	7.5	10.8
$7,000 to $7,999.....	7.9	9.4	9.4	9.9	3.2	8.4	3.2	3.3	3.8	1.8	4.8
$8,000 to $9,999.....	12.7	15.3	15.7	5.1	4.8	8.6	3.8	3.5	5.1	1.6	4.2
$10,000 to $14,999.....	17.5	22.2	22.7	10.0	2.9	11.1	2.0	2.1	2.8	0.4	3.5
$15,000 to $24,999.....	4.8	6.2	6.2	7.1	0.5	2.2	0.4	0.6	0.5	-	1.2
$25,000 and over.....	0.9	1.2	1.2	2.0	-	0.8	0.1	0.4	-	-	-
Median income of persons with income.	$6,348	$7,459	$7,550	$3,807	$1,919	$5,184	$2,655	$3,429	$3,050	$1,531	$2,634
MEXICAN ORIGIN											
Number of persons.....(thousands)..	1,792	1,163	1,117	46	629	176	1,935	196	1,136	603	87
Number of persons with income.....(thousands)..	1,554	1,153	1,107	46	401	170	1,092	185	566	341	85
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 to $999 or loss.....	11.2	1.9	1.4	(B)	38.3	8.3	26.7	7.9	24.0	41.5	8.1
$1,000 to $1,999.....	7.3	4.3	4.0	(B)	16.3	8.8	18.1	25.7	16.2	17.2	31.1
$2,000 to $2,999.....	7.4	6.3	6.0	(B)	10.4	12.8	17.0	23.4	15.4	16.3	25.4
$3,000 to $3,999.....	6.9	6.0	5.9	(B)	9.5	13.2	11.8	11.8	13.2	9.4	8.1
$4,000 to $4,999.....	8.6	9.5	9.8	(B)	6.1	12.4	9.1	10.1	9.4	8.0	8.3
$5,000 to $6,999.....	17.2	20.2	20.4	(B)	8.7	19.1	10.8	13.1	13.4	5.1	10.1
$7,000 to $7,999.....	6.8	8.4	8.5	(B)	2.3	6.6	2.6	3.0	3.5	1.0	4.4
$8,000 to $9,999.....	13.4	16.0	16.5	(B)	5.8	7.8	2.2	2.6	2.7	1.0	2.6
$10,000 to $14,999.....	16.6	21.7	22.1	(B)	2.1	10.1	1.5	1.9	1.9	0.7	1.9
$15,000 to $24,999.....	3.9	5.1	5.0	(B)	0.4	-	0.2	0.4	0.2	-	-
$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.6	0.5	(B)	-	1.0	0.1	0.4	-	-	-
Median income of persons with income.	$5,987	$7,219	$7,297	(B)	$1,686	$4,561	$2,265	$2,702	$2,585	$1,489	$2,307

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

Table 28. SELECTED SUMMARY CHARACTERISTICS OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS OF LOW-INCOME STATUS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Selected summary characteristics	Spanish origin			Mexican origin		
	Total	Below low-income level		Total	Below low-income level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Families	2,365	468	19.8	1,359	286	21.0
Mean size of family[1]	4.07	4.60	(X)	4.39	4.87	(X)
Head 65 years and over	155	33	21.0	98	27	27.1
With related children under 18 years	1,726	410	23.8	1,045	249	23.8
Mean number of related children	2.54	3.19	(X)	2.75	3.37	(X)
Head not a high school graduate[2]	1,342	342	25.5	833	213	25.6
Head worked last year	1,929	237	12.3	1,148	178	15.5
Worked year-round full-time	1,345	82	6.1	782	52	6.6
Families with female head	411	211	51.4	196	105	53.5
Unrelated individuals	526	156	29.7	263	89	34.0
65 years and over	83	42	51.0	48	27	(B)
Worked last year	390	73	18.7	198	46	23.2
Worked year-round full time	227	17	7.5	100	8	8.0
Female unrelated individuals	214	89	41.6	87	43	49.8

B Base less than 75,000.
X Not applicable.
[1]Mean based on persons of Spanish or other origin in families with head of Spanish origin.
[2]Head 25 years and over.

Table 29. SELECTED DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF LOW-INCOME STATUS FAMILIES WITH HEAD OF SPANISH AND MEXICAN ORIGIN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1974

(Numbers in thousands)

Selected characteristics	Spanish origin			Mexican origin		
	Total	Below low-income level		Total	Below low-income level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Age of Head						
Total	2,365	468	19.8	1,359	286	21.0
Under 25 years	281	69	24.5	187	44	23.6
25 to 34 years	657	131	20.0	361	69	19.1
35 to 44 years	568	123	21.6	329	74	22.5
45 to 54 years	453	71	15.7	247	46	18.6
55 to 64 years	250	41	16.2	136	26	19.2
65 years and over	155	33	21.0	98	27	27.1
Median age	39.3	37.8	(X)	39.0	39.1	(X)
Type of Family						
Total	2,365	468	19.8	1,359	286	21.0
Male head	1,954	256	13.1	1,163	181	15.6
Husband-wife	1,876	239	12.7	1,117	172	15.4
Other male head	78	17	21.8	46	9	(B)
Female head	411	211	51.4	196	105	53.5
Size of Family						
Total	2,365	468	19.8	1,359	286	21.0
2 persons	548	88	16.1	256	53	20.7
Head 65 years and over	98	20	20.4	56	15	(B)
3 persons	514	86	16.7	273	46	16.8
4 persons	498	79	15.9	281	42	14.9
5 persons	354	70	19.8	210	42	20.0
6 persons	186	42	22.6	135	28	20.7
7 persons or more	264	102	38.6	202	76	37.6
Mean size of family	4.07	4.60	(X)	4.39	4.87	(X)
Presence of Related Children Under 18						
Total	2,365	468	19.8	1,359	286	21.0
Without related children	639	58	9.1	314	37	11.8
With related children	1,726	410	23.8	1,045	249	23.8
1 child	521	85	16.3	278	51	18.3
2 children	480	81	16.9	268	42	15.7
3 children	338	91	26.9	211	53	25.1
4 children	183	56	30.6	133	36	27.1
5 children or more	204	98	48.0	153	67	43.8
Mean number of children	2.54	3.19	(X)	2.75	3.37	(X)
Educational Attainment of Head						
Total, 25 years and over	2,084	399	19.1	1,172	242	20.6
Elementary: Less than 8 years	774	233	30.1	553	162	29.3
8 years	216	41	19.0	100	19	19.0
High school: 1 to 3 years	352	68	19.3	180	32	17.8
4 years	429	45	10.5	213	23	10.8
College: 1 year or more	313	12	3.8	126	5	4.0
Median years of school completed	9.4	6.9	(X)	8.3	6.0	(X)
Percent not a high school graduate	64.4	85.7	(X)	71.1	88.0	(X)

B Base less than 75,000.
X Not applicable.